

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Product Information Sheet for NR-13377

Acinetobacter baumannii, Isolate 4

Catalog No. NR-13377

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

NIH Biodefense and Emerging Infections Research Resources Repository, NIAID, NIH

Product Description:

Bacteria Classification: Moraxellaceae, Acinetobacter

Species: Acinetobacter baumannii

<u>Original Source</u>: Acinetobacter baumannii (A. baumannii), isolate 4 was obtained from human sputum in 2008.

A. baumannii is a Gram-negative bacterium that exhibits the ability to rapidly develop antibiotic resistance and is a major cause of hospital acquired infection. The genomes of multidrug resistant strains of A. baumannii contain resistance "islands" that can contain up to 45 resistance genes. Acquisition of these antibiotic resistance genes occurs through genetic exchange of plasmids, transposons and integrons with Pseudomonas, Salmonella and Escherichia species. 1,2

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in 0.5X Tryptic Soy Broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

Note: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-13377 was packaged aseptically, in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Tryptic Soy Broth or equivalent

Tryptic Soy Agar with 5% sheep blood or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 35 to 37°C Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
- Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- 3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tubes and plate at 37°C for 24 hours.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through the NIH Biodefense and Emerging Infections Research Resources Repository, NIAID,

NIH: Acinetobacter baumannii, Isolate 4, NR-13377."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2007; see www.cdc.gov/od/ohs/biosfty/bmbl5/bmbl5toc.htm.

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References:

- Tien, H. C., et al. "Multi-Drug Resistant Acinetobacter Infections in Critically Injured Canadian Forces Soldiers." BMC Infect. Dis. 7 (2007): 95. PubMed: 17697345.
- Fournier, P. E., et al. "Comparative Genomics of Multidrug Resistance in *Acinetobacter baumannii*." <u>PLoS</u> Genet. 2 (2006): e7. PubMed: 16415984.

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