b|**e**|**i** resources

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Genomic DNA from *Escherichia coli*, Strain CoGen001854

Catalog No. NR-4631

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor and Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Genomic DNA was isolated from a preparation of *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*), strain CoGen001854, an isolate from Illinois that was obtained during the 2006 California spinach outbreak.¹

The *E. coli* (O157:H7) isolated during the 2006 California spinach outbreak are defined by a common set of 14 distinct chromosomal markers.²

NR-4631 has been qualified for PCR applications by amplification of approximately 1500 base pairs of the 16S ribosomal RNA gene.

Material Provided:

Each vial contains 4 to 6 μ g of bacterial genomic DNA in TE buffer (10 mM Tris-HCI, 1 mM EDTA, pH ~ 8.0). The concentration is shown on the Certificate of Analysis. The vial should be centrifuged prior to opening.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-4631 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen on dry ice and should be stored at -20°C or colder immediately upon arrival. Freeze-thaw cycles should be minimized.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Genomic DNA from *Escherichia coli*, Strain CoGen001854, NR-4631."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. <u>Biosafety in</u> <u>Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories</u>. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2007; see <u>www.cdc.gov/od/ohs/biosfty/bmbl5/bmbl5/bmbl5toc.htm</u>.

Disclaimers:

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

Use of this product is subject to the terms and conditions of the BEI Resources Material Transfer Agreement (MTA). The MTA is available on our Web site at <u>www.beiresources.org</u>. While BEI Resources uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this product sheet, neither ATCC[®] nor the U.S. Government make any warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. Neither ATCC[®] nor the U.S. Government warrants that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

This product is sent with the condition that you are responsible for its safe storage, handling, use and disposal. $ATCC^{\circledast}$ and the U.S. Government are not liable for any damages or injuries arising from receipt and/or use of this product. While reasonable effort is made to ensure authenticity and reliability of materials on deposit, the U.S. Government, $ATCC^{\circledast}$, their suppliers and contributors to BEI Resources are not liable for damages arising from the misidentification or misrepresentation of products.

Use Restrictions:

This material is distributed for internal research, noncommercial purposes only. This material, its product or its derivatives may not be distributed to third parties. Except as performed under a U.S. Government contract, individuals contemplating commercial use of the material, its products or its derivatives must contact the contributor to determine if a license is required. U.S. Government contractors may need a license before first commercial sale.

References:

- 1. "Illinois' *E. coli* Case Linked to Bagged Spinach." Illinois Department of Public Health. September 26, 2006. <u>http://www.idph.state.il.us/public/press06/9.26.06spinach</u>.<u>htm</u>
- Kotewicz, M. L., et al. "Optical Mapping and 454 Sequencing of *Escherichia coli* O157:H7 Isolates Linked to the U.S. 2006 Spinach-Associated Outbreak." <u>Microbiology</u> 154 (2008): 3518-3528. PubMed: 18957604.
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). "Ongoing Multistate Outbreak of *Escherichia coli* serotype O157:H7 Infections Associated with Consumption of Fresh Spinach – United States, September, 2006." <u>MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep.</u> 55 (2006): 1045-1046. PubMed: 17008868.
- Cooley, M., et al. "Incidence and Tracking of *Escherichia coli* O157:H7 in a Major Product Production Region in California." <u>PLoS One.</u> 14 (2007): e1159. PubMed: 18174909.
- Kulasekara, B.R., et al. "Analysis of the Genome of the Escherichia coli O157:H7 2006 Spinach-Associated Outbreak Isolate Indicates Candidate Genes that May Enhance Virulence." <u>Infect. Immun.</u> 77 (1009): 3713-3721. PubMed: 19564389.

 $\mathsf{ATCC}^{\circledast}$ is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.



BEI Resources www.beiresources.org E-mail: <u>contact@beiresources.org</u> Tel: 800-359-7370 Fax: 703-365-2898