

Product Information Sheet for HM-207

Parvimonas sp., Oral Taxon 110, Strain F0139

Catalog No. HM-207

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

Jacques Izard, Assistant Member of the Staff, Department of Molecular Genetics, The Forsyth Institute, Boston, Massachusetts, USA

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Bacteria Classification: *Peptoniphilaceae*, *Parvimonas*^{1,2}

Species: *Parvimonas* sp.

Subtaxon: Oral Taxon 110

Strain: F0139

Original Source: *Parvimonas* sp., Oral Taxon 110, strain F0139 was isolated in September 1991 from subgingival plaque of a healthy 42-year-old black male patient in the United States.^{3,4}

Comments: *Parvimonas* sp., Oral Taxon 110, strain F0139 (HMP ID 9126) is a reference genome for [The Human Microbiome Project](#) (HMP). HMP is an initiative to identify and characterize human microbial flora. The complete genome of *Parvimonas* sp., Oral Taxon 110, strain F0139 was sequenced at the [J. Craig Venter Institute](#) (GenBank: [AF1100000000](#)).

Note: HMP material is taxonomically classified by the depositor. Quality control of these materials is only performed to demonstrate that the material distributed by BEI Resources is identical to the deposited material.

Parvimonas species are obligately anaerobic, non-sporulating, Gram-positive cocci that commonly inhabit the human mouth and likely the gastro-intestinal and female genito-urinary tract.⁵ The only currently recognized species in the genus, *Parvimonas micra*, is a putative periodontal pathogen, known for involvement in polymicrobial infections of patients with refractory periodontitis.⁶

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Chopped Meat Carbohydrate medium with 0.1% cellobiose, 0.1% maltose, 0.1% starch and 0.1% Tween 80 supplemented with 5% DMSO.

Note: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

HM-207 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder

immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Chopped Meat Carbohydrate medium with 0.1% cellobiose, 0.1% maltose, 0.1% starch and 0.1% Tween 80 (ATCC medium 1102) or equivalent

Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Anaerobic

Propagation:

1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 3 to 5 days.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH as part of the Human Microbiome Project: *Parvimonas* sp., Oral Taxon 110, Strain F0139, HM-207."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. [Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories](#). 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

Disclaimers:

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References:

1. Johnson, C. N., et al. "*Peptoniphilus stercorisuis* sp. nov., Isolated from a Swine Manure Storage Tank and Description of *Peptoniphilaceae* fam. nov." *Int. J. Syst. Evol. Microbiol.* 64 (2014): 3538-3545. PubMed: 25056296.
2. Tindall, B. J. and J. P. Euzéby. "Proposal of *Parvimonas* gen. nov. and *Quatrionococcus* gen. nov. as Replacements for the Illegitimate, Prokaryotic, Generic Names *Micromonas* Murdoch and Shah 2000 and *Quadricoccus* Maszenan et al. 2002, respectively." *Int. J. Syst. Evol. Microbiol.* 56 (2006): 2711-2713. PubMed: 17082417.
3. Izard, J., Personal Communication.
4. [HMP ID 9126](#) (*Parvimonas* sp., Oral Taxon 110, strain F0139)
5. Murdoch, D. A. and H. N. Shah. "Reclassification of *Peptostreptococcus magnus* (Prevot 1933) Holdeman and Moore 1972 as *Finegoldia magna* comb. nov. and *Peptostreptococcus micros* (Prevot 1933) Smith 1957 as *Micromonas micros* comb. nov." *Anaerobe* 5 (1999): 555-559.
6. Colombo, A. P. V., et al. "Comparisons of Subgingival Microbial Profiles of Refractory Periodontitis, Severe Periodontitis, and Periodontal Health Using the Human Oral Microbe Identification Microarray." *J. Periodontol.* 80 (2009): 1421-1432. PubMed: 19722792.

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