

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

# **Product Information Sheet for NR-32890**

## Clostridium difficile, Strain P11

## Catalog No. NR-32890

## For research use only. Not for human use.

### Contributor:

Jane W. Marsh, Ph.D., Research Assistant Professor, Division of Infectious Diseases, Department of Medicine, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, USA

### Manufacturer:

**BEI Resources** 

## **Product Description:**

Bacteria Classification: Clostridiaceae, Clostridium

Species: Clostridium difficile

Strain: P11

Original Source: Clostridium difficile (C. difficile), strain P11 was obtained in 2001 from fecal material of a human patient with a relapsing C. difficile infection in western Pennsylvania, USA.<sup>1</sup>

<u>Comments</u>: Strain P11 was deposited as a toxigenic strain. The complete genome of *C. difficile*, strain P11 is available (GenBank: AVLT00000000).

*C. difficile* is a Gram-positive, spore-forming, obligate anaerobe that commonly inhabits the intestinal tract of various mammalian species, reptiles and birds, and may also be found in the environment. Pathogenic strains of *C. difficile* produce a potent cytotoxin (toxin B) and in most cases an enterotoxin (toxin A).<sup>2</sup> It is the production of these toxins in the gut which ultimately leads to pseudomembranous colitis (PMC) and *C. difficile* associated diarrhea (CDAD), which often occur as a complication of antibiotic therapy in elderly hospitalized patients.<sup>3</sup>

## **Material Provided:**

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Modified Reinforced Clostridial medium supplemented with 10% glycerol.

Note: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

### Packaging/Storage:

NR-32890 was packaged aseptically, in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

#### **Growth Conditions:**

Media:

Modified Reinforced Clostridial medium or equivalent Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or equivalent Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C Atmosphere: Anaerobic

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
- Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- 3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 24 to 48 hours.

#### Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Clostridium difficile*, Strain P11, NR-32890."

## Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

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E-mail: contact@beiresources.org

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### References:

- 1. Marsh, J. W., Personal Communication.
- Rupnik, M., M. H. Wilcox and D. N. Gerding. "Clostridium difficile Infection: New Developments in Epidemiology and Pathogenesis." <u>Nat. Rev. Microbiol.</u> 7 (2009): 526-536. PubMed: 19528959.
- Kelly, C. P. and J. T. LaMont. "Clostridium difficile More Difficult than Ever." N. Engl. J. Med. 359 (2008): 1932-1940. PubMed: 18971494.
- Marsh, J. W. "Counterpoint: Is Clostridium difficile a Food-borne Disease?" <u>Anaerobe</u> 21 (2013): 62-63. PubMed: 23528985.

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