

Product Information Sheet for NR-41892

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Staphylococcus aureus, Strain M1198 (MRSA)

Catalog No. NR-41892

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

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Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Bacteria Classification: Staphylococcaceae, Staphylococcus

Species: Staphylococcus aureus

<u>Strain</u>: M1198

Original Source: Staphylococcus aureus (S. aureus), strain M1198 was isolated in 2004 from blood of an adult male.¹

Comments: S. aureus, strain M1198 is a methicillin-resistant S. aureus (MRSA) strain. The complete genome sequence of S. aureus, strain M1198 is available (GenBank: AlYT00000000). Note: Methicillin is no longer clinically used, however, the term methicillin-resistant S. aureus (MRSA) continues to be used to describe S. aureus strains resistant to all penicillins.

S. aureus is a Gram-positive, cluster-forming coccus that normally inhabits human nasal passages, skin and mucus membranes. It is also a human pathogen and causes a variety of pus-forming infections as well as food-poisoning and toxic shock syndrome. In 1961, two years after the introduction of methicillin, a penicillinase-resistant penicillin, S. aureus developed methicillin-resistance due to acquisition of the mecA gene. For the last forty-five years hospital-acquired (HA) MRSA strains have disseminated worldwide. More recently, MRSA strains have been isolated that are not hospital acquired and are referred to as community-associated (CA) MRSA. CA-MRSA strains differ phenotypically and genotypically from HA-MRSA strains and they are more frequently recovered from skin and soft tissue sources rather than post-operative wounds. 2,3

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

Note: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-41892 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the

vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Tryptic Soy broth or Brain Heart Infusion broth or equivalent Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or Brain Heart Infusion agar or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
- Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 18 to 24 hours.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Staphylococcus aureus*, Strain M1198 (MRSA), NR-41892."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/od/ohs/biosfty/bmbl5/bmbl5toc.htm.

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References:

- 1. Onderdonk, A., Personal Communication.
- Deurenberg, R. H. and E. E. Stobberingh. "The Evolution of Staphylococcus aureus." <u>Infect. Genet. Evol.</u> 8 (2008): 747-763. PubMed: 18718557.
- Davis, S. L., et al. "Epidemiology and Outcomes of Community-Associated Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Infection." J. Clin. Microbiol. 45 (2007): 1705-1711. PubMed: 17392441.

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