SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Stages L3/Pupae *Phlebotomus arabicus*, Strain Israel

Catalog No. NR-50161

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor and Manufacturer:

Tobin E. Rowland, Entomology Branch, Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, Silver Spring, Maryland, USA

Product Description:

<u>Classification</u>: Psychodidae, Phlebotominae, Phlebotomus <u>Species</u>: Phlebotomus arabicus (common name: sand fly) <u>Strain</u>: Israel

<u>Original Source</u>: *Phleobotomus arabicus* (*P. arabicus*), strain Israel, was collected by P. Volf in North Sinai in 2001.¹ Transmission Competent Pathogen: *Leishmania tropica*

Material Provided:

NR-50161 consists of 1 larval pot of *P. arabicus* (sand flies), containing mixed L3/pupae life stages. Registrants may order up to 6 larval pots per year.

Packaging/Storage:

This material is prepared and shipped at room temperature from Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, Maryland, USA.

Growth Conditions:

Rabbit feces and rabbit chow mixture (larvae) <u>Temperature</u>: 25-26°C <u>Atmosphere</u>: 80% relative humidity^{1,2} <u>Infectivity/Method for Experimental Use</u>: Oral membrane feed or infected animal feed^{1,3}

<u>Note</u>: Larval pots may contain phorid mites which are a normal occurrence in sand fly colonies.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was provided by Walter Reed Army Institute of Research for distribution by BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Stages L3/Pupae *Phlebotomus arabicus*, Strain Israel, NR-50161."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. <u>Biosafety in</u> <u>Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories</u>. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see <u>www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm</u>.

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References:

- 1. Rowland, T. E., Personal Communication.
- Modi, G. B. and E. D. Rowton. "Laboratory Maintenance of Phlebotomine Sand Flies." <u>Maintenance of Human, Animal, and Plant Pathogen Vectors.</u> Eds. K. Maramorosch and F. Mahmood. Science Pub Inc., Enfield, New Hampshire, USA, 1999. 109-121.
- Rowton, E. D., K. M. Dorsey and K. L. Armstrong. "Comparison of *In Vitro* (Chicken-Skin Membrane) Versus *In Vivo* (Live Hamster) Blood-Feeding Methods for Maintenance of Colonized *Phlebotomus papatasi* (Diptera: Psychodidae)." <u>J. Med. Entomol.</u> 45 (2008): 9-13. PubMed: 18283936.

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