

Product Information Sheet for NR-597

Francisella tularensis subsp. holarctica, Strain LVSR

Catalog No. NR-597

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

Francis E. Nano, Ph.D., Department of Biochemistry and Microbiology, University of Victoria, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada

Product Description:

Bacteria Classification: Francisellaceae, Francisella Agent: Francisella tularensis subsp. holarctica

Biotype/Biovar: Type B
Strain: LVSR (Live Vaccine Strain Rough)

Francisella tularensis (F. tularensis) subsp. Source: holarctica, strain LVSR is a capsule negative variant that was obtained from acridine orange treatment of F. tularensis subsp. holarctica, strain LVS.1

F. tularensis is one of the most infectious bacterial pathogens known and is the causative agent of the febrile zoonotic disease tularemia. The environmental reservoir of the bacterium is unknown, although most human cases result from the bite of a blood-feeding arthropod vector.

F. tularensis subsp. holarctica is a small, non-motile, aerobic, pleomorphic, Gram-negative coccobacillus which displays a moderate degree of human virulence. Very little is known about the virulence mechanisms of F. tularensis, but growth in macrophages is central to the bacterium's ability to cause disease.2

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in 0.5X Tryptic Soy Broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

Note: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-597 was packaged aseptically, in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For longterm storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Brain Heart Infusion Broth or Tryptic Soy Broth Cystine Heart Agar with 5% defibrinated rabbit blood Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic with 5% CO₂

Propagation:

- Keep vial frozen until ready for use; thaw slowly.
- Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of
- Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an 3 agar slant and/or plate.
- Incubate the tubes and plate at 37°C for 24 to 48 hours.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through the NIH Biodefense and Emerging Infections Research Resources Repository, NIAID, NIH: Francisella tularensis subsp. holarctica, Strain LVSR, NR-597."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2007; see www.cdc.gov/od/ohs/biosftv/bmbl5/bmbl5toc.htm.

Disclaimers:

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

Use of this product is subject to the terms and conditions of the BEI Resources Material Transfer Agreement (MTA). The MTA is available on our Web site at www.beiresources.org.

While BEI Resources uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this product sheet, neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government make any warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. Neither $\mathsf{ATCC}^{\circledast}$ nor the U.S. Government warrants that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

This product is sent with the condition that you are responsible for its safe storage, handling, use and disposal. ATCC® and the U.S. Government are not liable for any damages or injuries arising from receipt and/or use of this product. While reasonable effort is made to ensure authenticity and reliability of materials on deposit, the U.S. Government, ATCC®, their suppliers and contributors to BEI Resources are not liable for damages arising from the misidentification or misrepresentation of products.

Use Restrictions:

This material is distributed for internal research, noncommercial purposes only. This material, its product or its derivatives may not be distributed to third parties. Except as

Biodefense and Emerging Infections Research Resources Repository

www.beiresources.org

Tel: 800-359-7370 Fax: 703-365-2898

E-mail: contact@beiresources.org



Product Information Sheet for NR-597

performed under a U.S. Government contract, individuals contemplating commercial use of the material, its products or its derivatives must contact the contributor to determine if a license is required. U.S. Government contractors may need a license before first commercial sale.

References:

- Sandström, G., S. Löfgren and A. Tärnvik. "A Capsule-Deficient Mutant of Francisella tularensis LVS Exhibits Enhanced Sensitivity to Killing by Serum but Diminished Sensitivity to Killing by Polymorphonuclear Leukocytes." <u>Infect. Immun.</u> 56 (1988): 1194-1202. PubMed: 3356465.
- Larsson, P., et al. "The Complete Genome Sequence of Francisella tularensis, the Causative Agent of Tularemia." Nat. Genet. 37 (2005): 153-159. PubMed: 15640799.

ATCC[®] is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.

Biodefense and Emerging Infections Research Resources Repository www.beiresources.org

E-mail: contact@beiresources.org
Tel: 800-359-7370
Fax: 703-365-2898

NR-597 11JAN2011