

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Product Information Sheet for NR-146

Vibrio cholerae, Strain 2125

Catalog No. NR-146

(Derived from ATCC® 39050™)

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

ATCC®

Product Description:

Bacteria Classification: Vibrionaceae, Vibrio

Species: Vibrio cholerae

Strain: 2125 Serogroup: O:1 Biotype: El Tor Serotype: Inaba

<u>Comment</u>: DNA coding sequence of cholera toxin (GenBank: E00132)¹ and DNA sequence from *V. cholera* toxin (ctx) operon strain 2125 (GenBank: X00171)² are available.

Vibrio cholerae (V. cholerae) is a natural inhabitant of warm aquatic environments and the causative agent of the diarrheal disease cholera. More than 200 O-antigen serogroups have been identified but only O1 and more recently O139 are known to cause epidemic and pandemic cholera.³ Occasionally, there are cholera outbreaks that result from non-O1 and non-O139 serotypes. V. cholerae colonizes the mucosal surface of the small intestines of humans, the only known animal host.⁴ Cholera has a high lethality if left untreated, and millions have died in the seven pandemics that have occurred since 1817.

Cholera toxin, the toxin-coregulated pilus (TCP) and the central regulatory protein, ToxR, are recognized as significant factors in the pathogenicity of toxigenic strains of *V. cholerae* serogroups O1 and O139.⁵

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in 0.5X Tryptic Soy Broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-146 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Tryptic Soy Broth or equivalent Tryptic Soy Agar or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use; then thaw.
- Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- 3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tubes and plate at 37°C for 24 hours.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through the NIH Biodefense and Emerging Infections Research Resources Repository, NIAID, NIH: *Vibrio cholerae*, Strain 2125, NR-146."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2007; see www.cdc.gov/od/ohs/biosfty/bmbl5/bmbl5toc.htm.

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