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SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Strain CDC1551, Transposon Mutant 0501 (MT1789, Rv1747)

Catalog No. NR-17590

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Contributor:

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Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Bacteria Classification: Mycobacteriaceae; Mycobacterium Species: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Strain: CDC1551 (also referred to as CSU93 or Oshkosh) Transposon Mutant: 0501 (MT1789, Rv1747)¹⁻³

<u>TN</u>: E0223

<u>ID</u>: Tn1789_552

<u>Original</u> Source: Mycobacterium tuberculosis (*M. tuberculosis*), strain CDC1551 is a clinical isolate that exhibited high levels of infectivity and virulence during a tuberculosis outbreak that occurred in rural Kentucky and

Tennessee from 1994 to 1996.⁴ <u>Comments</u>: In 2002, <u>TARGET</u> (Tuberculosis Animal Research and Gene Evaluation Taskforce) was formed to enable the modeling of human tuberculosis in multiple animal species using defined protocols and testing defined mutants of *M. tuberculosis*. In addition to animal modeling activities, a library of intragenic transposon mutants has been created and characterized.⁵ *M. tuberculosis,* transposon mutant 0501 was created by disruption of a probable transmembrane ATP-binding protein ABC transporter (MT1789, Rv1747) of the wild-type strain CDC1551.

M. tuberculosis is a Gram-positive, rod-shaped aerobic bacterium. It is the causative agent of tuberculosis and is responsible for more morbidity in humans than any other bacterial disease.⁶

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.7 mL of bacterial culture in Middlebrook 7H9 broth with ADC enrichment with 10% glycerol. Each tube of lot 59210591 contains a Lowenstein-Jensen (LJ) agar slant that was inoculated with 0.1 mL of bacterial culture and incubated for 2 to 8 weeks at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-17590 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided. Lot 59210591 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped glass test tubes. This product is provided at room temperature and should be stored at 2°C to 8°C upon arrival. Do not freeze.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Middlebrook 7H9 broth with ADC enrichment or equivalent Middlebrook 7H10 agar with OADC enrichment or equivalent Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic (with or without 5% CO₂)

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use; then thaw.
- 2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- 3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 2 to 6 weeks.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, Strain CDC1551, Transposon Mutant 0501 (MT1789, Rv1747), NR-17590."

Biosafety Level: 3

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. <u>Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories</u>. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

Disclaimers:

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References:

- 1. TARGET: MT1789
- 2. MycoBrowser: Gene Rv1747
- Peterson, J. D., et al. "The Comprehensive Microbial Resource." <u>Nucleic Acids Res.</u> 29 (2001): 123-125. PubMed: 11125067.
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- Lamichhane, G., et al. "A Postgenomic Method for Predicting Essential Genes at Subsaturation Levels of Mutagenesis: Application to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*." <u>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</u> 100 (2003): 7213-7218. PubMed: 12775759.
- Ducati, R. G., et al. "The Resumption of Consumption A Review on Tuberculosis." <u>Mem. Inst. Oswaldo Cruz</u> 101 (2006): 697-714. PubMed: 17160276.
- Cole, S. T., et al. "Deciphering the Biology of Mycobacterium tuberculosis from the Complete Genome Sequence." <u>Nature</u> 393 (1998): 537-544. PubMed: 9634230. Erratum in: <u>Nature</u> 396 (1998): 190-198.
- de la Paz Santangelo, M., et al. "Mce3R, a TetR-Type Transcriptional Repressor, Controls the Expression of a Regulon Involved in Lipid Metabolism in *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*." <u>Microbiology</u> 155 (2009): 2245-2255. PubMed: 19389781.

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