

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Product Information Sheet for NR-14899

Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Strain CDC1551, Transposon Mutant 197 (MT2776, Rv2702)

Catalog No. NR-14899

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For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

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Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Bacteria Classification: Mycobacteriaceae; Mycobacterium

Species: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Strain: CDC1551 (also referred to as CSU93 or Oshkosh)

Transposon Mutant: 197 (MT2776, Rv2702)¹⁻³

<u>TN</u>: CQ0696 <u>ID</u>: Tn1789_552

<u>Original Source:</u> Mycobacterium tuberculosis (M. tuberculosis), strain CDC1551 is a clinical isolate that exhibited high levels of infectivity and virulence during a tuberculosis outbreak that occurred in rural Kentucky and Tennessee from 1994 to 1996.⁴

Comments: In 2002, TARGET (Tuberculosis Animal Research and Gene Evaluation Taskforce) was formed to enable the modeling of human tuberculosis in multiple animal species using defined protocols and testing defined mutants of *M. tuberculosis*. In addition to animal modeling activities, a library of intragenic transposon mutants has been created and characterized. *M. tuberculosis*, transposon mutant 197 was created by disruption of a polyphosphate-glucose phosphotransferase (MT2776, Rv2702) of the wild-type strain CDC1551.

M. tuberculosis is a Gram-positive, rod-shaped aerobic bacterium. It is the causative agent of tuberculosis and is responsible for more morbidity in humans than any other bacterial disease.⁶

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.7 mL of bacterial culture in Middlebrook 7H9 broth with ADC enrichment with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-14899 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored

at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Middlebrook 7H9 broth with ADC enrichment or equivalent Middlebrook 7H10 agar with OADC enrichment or equivalent Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic (with or without 5% CO₂)

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use; then thaw.
- Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 2 to 6 weeks.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, Strain CDC1551, Transposon Mutant 197 (MT2776, Rv2702), NR-14899."

Biosafety Level: 3

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

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References:

1. TARGET: MT2776

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- 2. MycoBrowser: Gene Rv2702
- 3. Peterson, J. D., et al. "The Comprehensive Microbial Resource." <u>Nucleic Acids Res.</u> 29 (2001): 123-125. PubMed: 11125067.
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- Lamichhane, G., et al. "A Postgenomic Method for Predicting Essential Genes at Subsaturation Levels of Mutagenesis: Application to Mycobacterium tuberculosis." <u>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</u> 100 (2003): 7213-7218. PubMed: 12775759.
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- Cole, S. T., et al. "Deciphering the Biology of Mycobacterium tuberculosis from the Complete Genome Sequence." Nature 393 (1998): 537-544. PubMed: 9634230. Erratum in: Nature 396 (1998): 190-198.
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NR-14899_09JUL2019