

Product Information Sheet for NR-29369

Total RNA from *Biomphalaria glabrata*, Strain NMRI

Catalog No. NR-29369

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For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor and Manufacturer:

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Product Description:

Total RNA was extracted from the NMRI strain of *Biomphalaria glabrata* (*B. glabrata*). The *B. glabrata* NMRI strain is an albino snail that is highly susceptible to the NMRI strain of *Schistosoma mansoni* (*S. mansoni*). NMRI snails were derived from a cross between pigmented Puerto Rican (susceptible) snails and Newton's M-line snails. *S. mansoni*, strain NMRI was isolated in the 1940s from *S. mansoni* eggs obtained from infected Puerto Rican school children.²

B. glabrata is a tropical species of fresh water snail found in the Caribbean and Northern South America. It is an intermediate host of the S. mansoni trematode worm parasite. S. mansoni infection causes Schistosomiasis in humans.

Material Provided:

Each vial of NR-29369 contains 10 μg to 100 μg of RNA in DNase/RNase-free distilled water. Each vial of lot 090111 and lot 05202011 contains 10 μg to 100 μg of RNA in diethylpyrocarbonate (DEPC) water. The concentration is shown on the Certificate of Analysis. The vial should be centrifuged prior to opening.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-29369 was packaged in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -70°C or colder upon arrival. Freeze-thaw cycles should be minimized.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was provided by the NIAID Schistosomiasis Resource Center for distribution through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Total RNA from *Biomphalaria glabrata*, Strain NMRI, NR-29369."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

Disclaimers:

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References:

- Matthew S. Tucker, Head Schistosomiasis Laboratory and Principal Investigator (prior to 2015), Biomedical Research Institute, Personal Communication.
- Newton, W. L. "The Establishment of a Strain of Australorbis glabratus which Combines Albinism and High Susceptibility to Infection with Schistosoma mansoni." J. Parasitol. 41 (1955): 526-528. PubMed: 13264025.

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