

Lysinibacillus sphaericus, Strain Ford 25 (CCM 2177)

Catalog No. NR-2496

(Derived from ATCC[®] 4525[™])

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Contributor:

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Product Description:

Bacteria Classification: Bacillaceae, Bacillus Species: Lysinibacillus sphaericus (also referred to as

Bacillus sphaericus)^{1,2}

<u>Strain</u>: Ford 25 (CCM 2177)

<u>Comments</u>: *Lysinibacillus sphaericus (L. sphaericus)*, strain Ford 25 (CCM 2177) was deposited at ATCC[®] by Dr. William W. Ford.³

L. sphaericus is a mesophilic, strictly aerobic, spore-forming bacillus. These bacteria metabolize a variety of organic and amino acids but cannot metabolize sugars.⁴ During sporulation some strains of *L. sphaericus* synthesize a parasporal crystal which contains proteins that are toxic to the larvae of a variety of mosquito species.^{4,5}

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Nutrient Broth supplemented with 20% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-2496 was packaged aseptically, in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media: Nutrient Broth Nutrient Agar Incubation: Temperature: 30°C Atmosphere: Aerobic Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use; thaw slowly.
- 2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- 3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tubes and plate at 30°C for 24 hours.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through the NIH Biodefense and Emerging Infections Research Resources Repository, NIAID, NIH: *Lysinibacillus sphaericus*, Strain Ford 25 (CCM 2177), NR-2496."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. <u>Biosafety in</u> <u>Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories</u>. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2007; see www.cdc.gov/od/ohs/biosfty/bmbl5/bmbl5toc.htm.

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References:

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