

# Certificate of Analysis for NR-30894

### Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Strain 98-3020

#### Catalog No. NR-30894

This reagent is the tangible property of the U.S. Government.

### **Product Description:**

Mycobacterium tuberculosis (M. tuberculosis), strain 98-3020 was isolated between 1995 and 2000 from human sputum from an HIV-negative patient infected with pulmonary tuberculosis in North America.

Lot: 70003506<sup>1</sup> Manufacturing Date: 07JUL2017

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Phenotypic Analysis <sup>2</sup>		
Cellular morphology	Gram-positive rods	Gram-positive rods
Colony morphology <sup>3</sup>	Report results	Irregular, slight peaked, undulate, rough and cream (Figure 1)
Growth rate	≥ 7 days	21 days
Growth at 26°C	Negative	Negative
Growth at 37°C	Positive	Positive
Acid-fast stain	Positive (red colonies)	Positive (red colonies)
Pigmentation in the dark (Scotochromogen)	Negative (no pigment)	Negative (no pigment)
Photoinduction for 1 hour (Photochromogen)	Negative (no pigment)	Negative (no pigment)
Nonchromogen (no pigment)	Positive (no pigment)	Positive (no pigment)
Biochemical tests	r sours (no pigment)	r solute (ne pigment)
Niacin production <sup>4</sup>	Positive	Positive
Nitrate reduction	Positive	Positive
Pyrazinamidase	Positive	Positive
Antibiotic Susceptibility Profile		
Sensititre™ System <sup>5,6</sup>		
Amikacin	Report results	0.5µg/mL <sup>7</sup>
Cycloserine	Report results	16 µg/mL <sup>8</sup>
Ethambutol	Report results	1 µg/mL <sup>9</sup>
Ethionamide	Report results	2.5 µg/mL <sup>9</sup>
Isoniazid	Report results	≤ 0.03µg/mL
Kanamycin	Report results	2.5 µg/mL
Moxifloxacin	Report results	0.25 μg/mL
Ofloxacin	Report results	1 μg/mL
Para-aminosalicylic acid	Report results	≤ 0.5 μg/mL <sup>9</sup>
Rifabutin	Report results	≤ 0.12 µg/mL <sup>9</sup>
Rifampin	Report results	≤ 0.12 μg/mL
Streptomycin	Report results	0.5 μg/mL <sup>9</sup>
Genotypic Analysis		
Sequencing of Heat Shock Protein 65 gene	≥ 99% sequence identity to	100% sequence identity to
(~ 420 base pairs)	<ul><li>M. tuberculosis type strain (GenBank: AL123456)</li></ul>	<ul><li>M. tuberculosis type strain</li><li>(GenBank: AL123456)<sup>10</sup></li></ul>
Purity (post-freeze)		
Middlebrook 7H10 agar with OADC enrichment <sup>11</sup>	Growth consistent with expected colony morphology	Growth consistent with expected colony morphology
Tryptic Soy agar <sup>12</sup>	Report results	Growth consistent with expected colony morphology
Viability (post-freeze) <sup>3</sup>	Growth	Growth

<sup>1</sup>NR-30894 was produced by inoculation of the deposited material into Middlebrook 7H9 broth with ADC enrichment. Broth inoculum was added to Middlebrook 7H10 agar with OADC enrichment kolles, which were grown for 46 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere with 5% CO<sub>2</sub>. The resulting growth was harvested in Middlebrook 7H9 broth with ADC enrichment supplemented with 10% glycerol and frozen. The frozen material was later thawed and aliquoted into cryovials and frozen to produce this lot.

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<sup>2</sup>Information on *Mycobacterium* testing is available from Ribón, W. "Biochemical Isolation and Identification of Mycobacteria." <u>Biochemical Testing.</u> (2012) Jose C. Jimenez-Lopez (Ed.), InTech, <a href="http://www.intechopen.com/books/biochemical-testing/biochemical-isolation-and-identification-of-mycobacteria">http://www.intechopen.com/books/biochemical-testing/biochemical-isolation-and-identification-of-mycobacteria</a> and Lévy-Frébault, V. V. and F. Portaels. "Proposed Minimal Standards for the Genus *Mycobacterium* and for Description of New Slowly Growing *Mycobacterium* Species." <a href="https://example.com/intention-and-identification-of-mycobacteria">https://example.com/intention-and-identification-of-mycobacteria</a> and Lévy-Frébault, V. V. and F. Portaels. "Proposed Minimal Standards for the Genus *Mycobacterium* and for Description of New Slowly Growing *Mycobacterium* Species." <a href="https://example.com/intention-and-identification-of-mycobacterium">https://example.com/intention-and-identification-of-mycobacterium</a> and Lévy-Frébault, V. V. and F. Portaels. "Proposed Minimal Standards for the Genus *Mycobacterium* and for Description of New Slowly Growing *Mycobacterium* Species." <a href="https://example.com/intention-and-identification-of-mycobacterium">https://example.com/intention-and-identification-of-mycobacterium</a> and Lévy-Frébault, V. V. and F. Portaels. "Proposed Minimal Standards for the Genus *Mycobacterium* and for Description of New Slowly Growing *Mycobacterium* Species." <a href="https://example.com/intention-and-identification-of-mycobacterium">https://example.com/intention-and-identification-of-mycobacterium</a> (1992): 315-323. PubMed: 1581193.

<sup>3</sup>21 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere with 5% CO<sub>2</sub> on Middlebrook 7H10 agar with OADC enrichment

<sup>4</sup>All mycobacteria produce niacin but only *M. tuberculosis* accumulates it, resulting in a positive test for *M. tuberculosis*.

<sup>5</sup>Sensititre™ System *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* MIC Plate, Thermo Scientific™, catalog number MYCOTB

<sup>6</sup>Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC); No Clinical & Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI) interpretations of the Sensititre<sup>™</sup> System data for *M. tuberculosis* are currently available.

<sup>7</sup>Two MICs were observed for amikacin (0.25 μg/mL and 0.5 μg/mL) under identical test conditions. The highest MIC is being reported as the test result. Variability in the MIC result by the Sensititre™ method has been demonstrated (Lee, J., et al. "Sensititre MYCOTB MIC Plate for Testing *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* Susceptibility to First- and Second-Line Drugs." <u>Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.</u> 58 (2014): 11-18. PubMed: 24100497.), with the results for a single antibiotic typically within one doubling dilution.

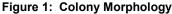
<sup>8</sup>Two MICs were observed for cycloserine (8 μg/mL and 16 μg/mL) under identical test conditions. The highest MIC is being reported as the test result. Variability in the MIC result by the Sensititre™ method has been demonstrated (Lee, J., et al. "Sensititre MYCOTB MIC Plate for Testing Mycobacterium tuberculosis Susceptibility to First- and Second-Line Drugs." Antimicrob. Agents Chemother. 58 (2014): 11-18. PubMed: 24100497.), with the results for a single antibiotic typically within one doubling dilution.

<sup>9</sup>For ethambutol, ethionamide, para-aminosalicylic acid, rifabutin and streptomycin, the endpoint for these drugs is determined by the well with approximately 80% inhibition of growth compared to the positive control well with no drug.

<sup>10</sup>Also consistent with M. africanum, M. bovis, M. canettii, M. caprae and M. microti

<sup>11</sup>Purity of this lot was assessed for 49 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere with 5% CO<sub>2</sub>.

<sup>12</sup>Purity of this lot was assessed for 21 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere with 5% CO<sub>2</sub>.





/Heather Couch/ Heather Couch

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Program Manager or designee, ATCC Federal Solutions

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