

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

# **Product Information Sheet for NR-46447**

# Ehrlichia chaffeensis, Strain Osceola

# Catalog No. NR-46447

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# For research use only. Not for human use.

# **Contributor:**

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## Manufacturer:

**BEI Resources** 

# **Product Description:**

Bacteria Classification: Anaplasmataceae, Ehrlichia

Species: Ehrlichia chaffeensis

Strain: Osceola

Original Source: Ehrlichia chaffeensis (E. chaffeensis), strain Osceola was isolated in 1997 from the blood of a patient in Florida, USA, with a suspected diagnosis of human monocytic ehrlichiosis (HME).<sup>1,2</sup>

<u>Comments:</u> The complete genome of *E. chaffeensis*, strain Osceola has been sequenced (GenBank: CP007477).

E. chaffeensis is a Gram-negative, obligate intracellular pathogen of eukaryotic cells and belongs to the alpha subdivision of Proteobacteria. It was originally classified in the family Rickettsiaceae, but subsequently reassigned to the family Anaplasmataceae, both families belonging to the order Rickettsiales.<sup>3</sup> E. chaffeensis is transmitted to humans by the lone star tick (Amblyomma americanum) and is the causative agent of HME.

#### **Material Provided:**

Each vial contains approximately 1 mL of cell lysate and supernatant from *Canis familiaris* macrophage-monocyte cells infected with *E. chaffeensis*, strain Osceola, supplemented with 45% fetal bovine serum and 5% DMSO.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

## Packaging/Storage:

NR-46447 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials and is provided frozen on dry ice. The product should be stored at -130°C or colder, preferably in the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer. If liquid nitrogen storage facilities are not available, frozen cryovials may be stored at -70°C or colder for approximately one week. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

## **Growth Conditions:**

<u>Host</u>: *Canis familiaris* macrophage-monocyte cells (DH82; ATCC<sup>®</sup> CRL-10389™)

<u>Growth Medium</u>: Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium containing 4 mM L-glutamine, 4500 mg per L glucose, 1 mM

sodium pyruvate and 1500 mg per L sodium bicarbonate, supplemented with 5% to 10% fetal bovine serum, or equivalent; optionally, the growth medium may also be supplemented with cycloheximide and additional L-glutamine.

<u>Infection</u>: Cells should be 50% to 80% confluent <u>Incubation</u>: 3 to 6 days at 37°C and 5% CO<sub>2</sub>

Cytopathic Effect: Cell enlargement, rounding, detachment, granularity or other toxicity may or may not be observed. It is recommended that replication of *E. chaffeensis* be confirmed by PCR, IFA or staining of morulae with Diff-Quik (modified Giemsa stain).<sup>4</sup>

#### Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Ehrlichia chaffeensis*, Strain Osceola, NR-46447."

# Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

#### **Disclaimers:**

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### References:

- 1. Rikihisa, Y., Personal Communication.
- Sumner, J. W., J. E. Childs and C. D. Paddock. "Molecular Cloning and Characterization of the *Ehrlichia chaffeensis* Variable-Length PCR Target: An Antigen-Expressing Gene that Exhibits Interstrain Variation." <u>J. Clin. Microbiol.</u> 37 (1999): 1447-1453. PubMed: 10203503.
- Dumler, J. S., et al. "Reorganization of Genera in the Families Rickettsiaceae and Anaplasmataceae in the Order Rickettsiales: Unification of Some Species of Ehrlichia with Anaplasma, Cowdria with Ehrlichia and Ehrlichia with Neorickettsia, Descriptions of Six New Species Combinations and Designation of Ehrlichia equi and 'HGE agent' as Subjective Synonyms of Ehrlichia phagocytophila." Int. J. Syst. Evol. Microbiol. 51 (2001): 2145-2165. PubMed: 11760958.
- Chen, S.-M., et al. "Cultivation of Ehrlichia chaffeensis in Mouse Embryo, Vero, BGM, and L929 Cells and Study of Ehrlichia-Induced Cytopathic Effect and Plaque Formation." <u>Infect. Immun.</u> 63 (1995): 647-655. PubMed: 7822034.
- Childs, J. E., et al. "Outcome of Diagnostic Tests Using Samples from Patients with Culture-Proven Human Monocytic Ehrlichiosis: Implications for Surveillance." <u>J. Clin. Microbiol.</u> 37 (1999): 2997-3000. PubMed: 10449489.

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