

Product Information Sheet for NR-209

Yersinia enterocolitica enterocolitica, Strain 1375

subsp.

Catalog No. NR-209

(Derived from ATCC® 49397™)

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor:

ATCC®

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

<u>Bacteria Classification</u>: *Enterobacteriaceae*, *Yersinia* <u>Species</u>: *Yersinia enterocolitica* subsp. *enterocolitica*^{1,2}

Strain: 1375

<u>Original Source</u>: Yersinia enterocolitica (Y. enterocolitica) subsp. enterocolitica, strain 1375 was isolated in 1981 from a human clinical specimen.

<u>Comments</u>: Y. enterocolitica subsp. enterocolitica, strain 1375 was deposited at ATCC[®] by Becton Dickinson Microbiology Systems.

Y. enterocolitica subsp. *enterocolitica* is a significant foodborne enteropathogen which causes gastroenteritis.³ *Y. enterocolitica* subsp. *enterocolitica* is an extremely heterogeneous species, encompassing six biotypes and currently more than 50 serogroups, not all of which can cause disease.⁴ It is of particular concern to the food industry because it is a psychrotrophic pathogen able to proliferate at temperatures approaching 0°C.

Y. enterocolitica subsp. *enterocolitica* is a non-spore-forming, Gram-negative, rod-shaped coccobacillus. Virulence-associated genes are located on the chromosome and on the pYV (approximately 70 kb) plasmid found in typical virulent strains of *Y. enterocolitica* subsp. *enterocolitica*.^{5,6} This plasmid encodes a type III secretion system involved in the delivery of virulence proteins that contribute to internalization into host cells.⁶

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy Broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-209 was packaged aseptically, in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Brain Heart Infusion broth or Tryptic Soy broth or equivalent Tryptic Soy agar or Sheep Blood agar or equivalent Incubation:

Temperature: 26°C⁷ Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use; thaw slowly.
- 2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- 3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tubes and plate at 26°C for 1 to 2 days.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Yersinia enterocolitica* subsp. *enterocolitica*, Strain 1375, NR-209."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

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BEI Resources www.beiresources.org E-mail: contact@beiresources.org

Tel: 800-359-7370 Fax: 703-365-2898



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References:

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