

Product Information Sheet for NR-50145

Genomic DNA from *Balamuthia* mandrillaris, Strain CDC:V188

Catalog No. NR-50145

This reagent is the tangible property of the U.S. Government.

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor:

Govinda S. Visvesvara, Ph.D., and Michael Arrowood, Ph.D., Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases, Division of Foodborne, Waterborne and Environmental Diseases, Waterborne Disease Prevention Branch, Atlanta, Georgia, USA

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Genomic DNA was extracted from *Balamuthia mandrillaris* (*B. mandrillaris*), strain CDC:V188. *B. mandrillaris*, strain CDC:V188 was isolated in 1996 from the brain of a 59-year-old male in Georgia following a traumatic leg amputation and skin abscess and was originally identified as a leptomyxid amoeba. 1,2,3

NR-50145 has been qualified for PCR applications by amplification of approximately 2,500 base pairs of the *B. mandrillaris* 18S ribosomal RNA gene.

Material Provided:

Each vial of NR-50145 contains 0.2 to 3.5 μ g of genomic DNA in 10 mM TrisCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 7.5. The vial should be centrifuged prior to opening.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-50145 was packaged aseptically, in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -20°C or colder upon arrival. Freeze-thaw cycles should be minimized.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Genomic DNA from *Balamuthia mandrillaris*, Strain CDC:V188, NR-50145."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

Disclaimers:

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

Use of this product is subject to the terms and conditions of the BEI Resources Material Transfer Agreement (MTA). The MTA is available on our Web site at www.beiresources.org.

While BEI Resources uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this product sheet, neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government makes any warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. Neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government warrants that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

This product is sent with the condition that you are responsible for its safe storage, handling, use and disposal. ATCC® and the U.S. Government are not liable for any damages or injuries arising from receipt and/or use of this product. While reasonable effort is made to ensure authenticity and reliability of materials on deposit, the U.S. Government, ATCC®, their suppliers and contributors to BEI Resources are not liable for damages arising from the misidentification or misrepresentation of products.

Use Restrictions:

This material is distributed for internal research, non-commercial purposes only. This material, its product or its derivatives may not be distributed to third parties. Except as performed under a U.S. Government contract, individuals contemplating commercial use of the material, its products or its derivatives must contact the contributor to determine if a license is required. U.S. Government contractors may need a license before first commercial sale. This material may be subject to third party patent rights.

References:

- Gordon, S. M., et al. "Culture Isolation of Acanthamoeba Species and Leptomyxid Amebas from Patients with Amebic Meningoencephalitis, Including Two Patients with AIDS." <u>Clin. Infect. Dis.</u> 15 (1992): 1024-1030. PubMed: 1457633
- Schuster, F. L. and G. S Visvesvara. "Axenic Growth and Drug Sensitivity Studies of *Balamuthia mandrillaris*, an Agent of Amoebic Meningoencephalitis in Humans and Other Animals." <u>J. Clin. Microbiol.</u> 34 (1996): 385-388. PubMed: 8789020.
- Booton, G. C., et al. "Genotyping of Balamuthia mandrillaris Based on Nuclear 18S and Mitochondrial 16S rRNA Genes." <u>Am. J. Trop. Med. Hyg.</u> 68 (2003): 65-69. PubMed: 12556151.

ATCC® is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.

BEI Resources

www.beiresources.org

E-mail: contact@beiresources.org

Tel: 800-359-7370 Fax: 703-365-2898