

Product Information Sheet for NR-55242

Staphylococcus aureus, Strain AJUL28

Catalog No. NR-55242

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor:

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Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Bacteria Classification: Staphylococcaceae, Staphylococcus

Species: Staphylococcus aureus

Strain: AJUL28

Original Source: Staphylococcus aureus (S. aureus), strain AJUL28 is deposited as a triclosan-resistant spontaneous mutant of S. aureus, strain SH1000, which was selected by serial passage and characterized by whole genome sequencing. 1.2 Strain AJUL28 is reported to contain mutations -T109G and -C34T in the fabl promoter region, numbered backwards from the first nucleotide preceding the fabl start codon, and a D101G variant in the Fabl protein. 1.2 Strain SH1000 is a model strain generated from strain NCTC 8325-4 in which the rsbU deletion was repaired. 3.4 Strain NCTC 8325-4 is a derivative of S. aureus, strain NCTC8325 (NRS77) resulting from successive cycles of UV treatment curing it of phages Φ11, Φ12 and Φ13.3.4

Comments: S. aureus, strain AJUL28 was deposited to BEI Resources as part of an S. aureus cross-resistance panel, available from BEI Resources as NR-55306, consisting of 22 strains engineered through the introduction of constitutively expressed resistance determinants on plasmid pSK5487M, downstream of the qacR promoter, and six spontaneous resistant mutant strains, each with a defined resistance genotype, established in a uniform genetic background of S. aureus, strain SH1000. The panel also includes one Escherichia coli, strain DH5α containing the empty plasmid pSK5487M for use as a cloning vector. The panel was developed to detect cross-resistance between established and novel antibacterial agents.^{1,2} The complete genome of S. aureus, strain SH1000 (available from BEI Resources as NR-55396) has been sequenced (GenBank: CP059180.1).

S. aureus is a Gram-positive, cluster-forming coccus that normally inhabits human nasal passages, skin and mucus membranes. It is also a human pathogen and causes a variety of pus-forming infections as well as food-poisoning and toxic shock syndrome. In 1961, two years after the introduction of methicillin, a penicillinase-resistant penicillin, *S. aureus* developed methicillin-resistance due to acquisition of the *mec*A gene. Subsequently, MRSA infections have become widespread in both hospital and community settings.⁵

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy broth containing 25 µg per mL chloramphenicol supplemented with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-55242 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Tryptic Soy broth or equivalent

Tryptic Soy agar or Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
- 2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 1 day.

Citation

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Staphylococcus aureus*, Strain AJUL28, NR-55242."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

Disclaimers:

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References:

- 1. O'Neill, A. J., Personal Communication.
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 PubMed: 33755133.
- Herbert, S., et al. "Repair of Global Regulators in Staphylococcus aureus 8325 and Comparative Analysis with Other Clinical Isolates." <u>Infect. Immun.</u> 78 (2010): 2877-2889. PubMed: 20212089.
- Novick, R. "Properties of a Cryptic High-Frequency Transducing Phage in Staphylococcus aureus." <u>Virology</u> 33 (1967): 155-166. PubMed: 4227577.
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