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SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Genomic DNA from *Plasmodium falciparum*, Strain 7G8

Catalog No. MRA-152G

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor:

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Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Genomic DNA was extracted from a preparation of *Plasmodium falciparum (P. falciparum)*, strain 7G8.

P. falciparum, strain 7G8 was cloned from the IMTM22 strain by limiting dilution. The original IMTM22 strain was isolated from a 12-year-old male near Manaus, Brazil in 1980.¹ *P. falciparum*, strain 7G8 is a gametocyte producer, and was deposited as chloroquine-sensitive and pyrimethamine-resistant.^{1,2} The whole genome sequence of *P. falciparum*, strain 7G8 is available (GenBank: <u>ABGZ00000000</u>).

MRA-152G has been qualified for PCR applications by amplification of approximately 600-900 base pairs of the merozoite surface protein 2 (MSP2) gene.

Material Provided:

Each vial of MRA-152G contains approximately 0.5 μ g of genomic DNA in buffer. The amount per vial, concentration and buffer composition are shown on the Certificate of Analysis. The vial should be centrifuged prior to opening.

Packaging/Storage:

MRA-152G was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -20°C or colder immediately upon arrival. Freeze-thaw cycles should be minimized.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Genomic DNA from *Plasmodium falciparum*, Strain 7G8, MRA-152G, contributed by David Walliker."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. <u>Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories (BMBL)</u>. 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020.

Disclaimers:

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References:

- Burkot, T. R., J. L. Williams and I. Schneider. "Infectivity to Mosquitoes of *Plasmodium falciparum* Clones Grown *In Vitro* from the Same Isolate." <u>Trans. R. Soc. Trop. Med.</u> <u>Hyg.</u> 78 (1984): 339-341. PubMed: 6380022.
- 2. Walliker, D., Personal Communication.
- Chugh, M., et al. "Identification and Deconvolution of Cross-Resistance Signals from Antimalarial Compounds Using Multidrug-Resistant *Plasmodium falciparum* Strains." <u>Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.</u> 59 (2015): 1110-1118. PubMed: 25487796.

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