SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

## Clostridium orbiscindens, Strain CC43\_001K

#### Catalog No. HM-1044

**Product Description:** *Clostridium orbiscindens* (*C. orbiscindens*), strain CC43\_001K was isolated in October 2010 from colonic biopsy tissue of a human subject in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada.

## Lot<sup>1,2</sup>: 63585540

## Manufacturing Date: 07JUL2015

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Phenotypic Analysis		
Cellular morphology	Gram-variable rods	Gram-negative rods <sup>3</sup> (Figure 1)
Colony morphology <sup>4</sup>	Report results	Irregular, flat, undulate, and gray (Figure 2)
Motility (wet mount)	Report results	Non-motile
Genotypic Analysis		
Sequencing of 16S ribosomal RNA gene (~ 1470 base pairs)	≥ 99% identical to depositor's sequence Consistent with <i>C. orbiscindens</i>	$\geq$ 99% identical to depositor's sequence Consistent with <i>C. orbiscindens</i>
Purity (post-freeze)		
Anaerobic growth <sup>5</sup>	Growth consistent with C. orbiscindens	Growth consistent with C. orbiscindens
Aerobic growth <sup>6</sup>	No growth	No growth
Viability (post-freeze) <sup>4</sup>	Growth	Growth

<sup>1</sup>Quality control of HMP material is only performed to demonstrate that the material distributed by BEI Resources is identical to the deposited material. It should not be considered a complete characterization of the deposited organism.

<sup>2</sup>C. orbiscindens, strain CC43\_001K was deposited by Professor Emma Allen-Vercoe, Department of Molecular and Cellular Biology, University of Guelph, Guelph, Ontario, Canada. The deposited material was inoculated into Modified Reinforced Clostridial media and incubated for 6 days at 37°C in an anaerobic atmosphere (< 5% O<sub>2</sub>; Remel<sup>™</sup> Pack-Anaero<sup>™</sup>). Broth inoculum was added to Modified Reinforced Clostridial broth bottles which were grown 1 day at 37°C in an anaerobic atmosphere to produce this lot.

<sup>3</sup> C. orbiscindens is published as Gram-variable [Carlier, J. P., et al. "Proposal to Unify Clostridium orbiscindens Winter et al. 1991 and Eubacterium plautii (Séguin 1928) Hofstad and Aasjord 1982, with Description of Flavonifractor plautii gen. nov., comb. nov., and Reassignment of Bacteroides capillosus to Pseudoflavonifractor capillosus gen. nov., comb. nov., "Int. J. Syst. Evol. Microbiol. 60 (2010): 585-590. PubMed: 19654357.] however, multiple attempts consistently showed this strain was Gram-negative.

<sup>4</sup>3 days at 37°C in an anaerobic atmosphere on Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood

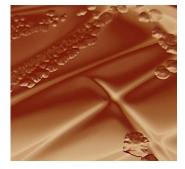
<sup>5</sup>Purity of this lot was assessed for 7 days at 37°C in an anaerobic atmosphere on Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood.

<sup>6</sup>Purity of this lot was assessed for 7 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere with 5% CO<sub>2</sub> on Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood.

#### Figure 1: Cellular Morphology

#### Figure 2: Colony Morphology





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## **Certificate of Analysis for HM-1044**

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# Date: 14 OCT 2015

Signature:

**BEI Resources Authentication** 

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