

Measles Virus, Cam 70 Vaccine Strain

Catalog No. NR-60835

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Product Description:

Measles virus (MeV), Cam 70 vaccine strain was derived from a Japanese wild-type isolate, MeV, Tanabe. NR-60835 was produced by infecting *Chlorocebus aethiops* kidney epithelial cells expressing human signaling lymphocytic activation molecule (Vero-hSLAM; BEI Resources NR-55500™) with the deposited material and incubating in Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium containing Earle's Balanced Salt Solution, non-essential amino acids, 2 mM L-glutamine, 1 mM sodium pyruvate, and 1.5 g/L of sodium bicarbonate supplemented with 2% fetal bovine serum for 5 days at 37°C with 5% CO₂ to produce this lot.

Passage History:

Vh(1)/Vh(2) (Prior to deposit at BEI Resources/BEI Resources); Vh = Vero-hSLAM

Lot: 70079295

Manufacturing Date: 16NOV2025

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Identification by Infectivity in Vero-hSLAM Cells	Syncytia formation, cell rounding and detachment	Syncytia formation, cell rounding and detachment
Next-Generation Sequencing (NGS) of Complete Genome	≥ 98% sequence identity with MeV, Cam 70 vaccine strain (GenBank: DQ345721)	99.94% sequence identity with MeV, Cam 70 vaccine strain (GenBank: DQ345721)
Titer by TCID ₅₀ Assay in Vero-hSLAM Cells by Cytopathic Effect ¹ (8 days at 37°C with 5% CO ₂)	Report results	1.6 × 10 ⁴ TCID ₅₀ /mL
Sterility (21-day incubation) Harpo's HTYE broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic ² Trypticase Soy broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Sabouraud broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Sheep blood agar, 37°C, aerobic Sheep blood agar, 37°C, anaerobic Thioglycollate broth, 37°C, anaerobic DMEM with 10% FBS, 37°C, aerobic	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth
Mycoplasma Contamination Agar and broth culture (14-day incubation at 37°C) DNA detection by PCR of extracted Test Article nucleic acid	None detected None detected	None detected None detected

¹The Tissue Culture Infectious Dose 50% (TCID₅₀) endpoint is the 50% infectious endpoint in cell culture. The TCID₅₀ is the dilution of virus that under the conditions of the assay can be expected to infect 50% of the culture vessels inoculated, just as a Lethal Dose 50% (LD₅₀) is expected to kill half of the animals exposed. A reciprocal of the dilution required to yield the TCID₅₀ provides a measure of the titer (or infectivity) of a virus preparation.

²Atlas, Ronald M. *Handbook of Microbiological Media*. 3rd ed. Ed. Lawrence C. Parks. Boca Raton: CRC Press, 2004, p. 798.

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