

Kilbourne F118: A/Port Chalmers/1/1973 (HA, NA) x A/Puerto Rico/8/1934 (H3N2), Reassortant X-41

Catalog No. NR-3575

Product Description: Pooled allantoic fluid from specific-pathogen free (SPF) embryonated chicken eggs¹ infected with reassortant influenza A virus, A/Port Chalmers/1/1973 (HA, NA) x A/Puerto Rico/8/1934 (H3N2) (Kilbourne F118; X-41).

Lot^{2,3}: 59597984

Manufacturing Date: 07JAN2011

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Identification by Infectivity Using Embryonated Chicken Eggs¹ Hemagglutination activity using allantoic fluid from infected eggs and 0.5% chicken red blood cells	Positive	Positive
Sequencing of Strain- and Species-Specific Regions Hemagglutinin (~ 684 nucleotides) Matrix gene (~ 919 nucleotides)	Consistent with A/Port Chalmers/1/1973 (GenBank: CY009348) Consistent with A/Puerto Rico/8/1934 (GenBank: CY033578)	100% identity with A/Port Chalmers/1/1973 (GenBank: CY009348) 99% identity with A/Puerto Rico/8/1934 (GenBank: CY033578)
Titer by CEID₅₀ Assay^{4,5} in Embryonated Chicken Eggs¹	Report results	2.8 X 10 ⁸ CEID ₅₀ /mL
Sterility (21-day incubation) Harpo's HTYE broth ⁶ , 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Trypticase soy broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Sabouraud broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Blood agar, 37°C, aerobic Blood agar, 37°C, anaerobic Thioglycollate broth, 37°C, anaerobic DMEM with 10% FBS, 37°C and 5% CO ₂	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth
Mycoplasma Contamination Agar and broth culture (14-day incubation at 37°C) DNA detection by PCR of extracted Test Article nucleic acid	None detected None detected	None detected None detected

¹10 to 11-day-old SPF Fertile Chicken Eggs acquired from B&E Eggs, York Springs, Pennsylvania

²Derived from NIAID Catalog No. V-331-0E5382

³Grown in the allantoic cavity of embryonated chicken eggs¹ for 48 hours at 35°C in a humidified chamber

⁴The Chicken Embryo Infectious Dose 50% (CEID₅₀) is the dilution of virus that under the conditions of the assay can be expected to infect 50% of the inoculated embryonated chicken eggs, just as a Lethal Dose 50% (LD₅₀) is expected to kill half of the animals exposed. A reciprocal of the dilution required to yield the CEID₅₀ provides a measure of the infectious titer (or infectivity) of a virus preparation.

⁵2 days at 35°C in a humidified chamber

⁶Atlas, Ronald M. Handbook of Microbiological Media. 3rd ed. Ed. Lawrence C. Parks. Boca Raton: CRC Press, 2004, p. 798.

Date: 31 MAR 2011

Signature:



Title:

Technical Manager, BEI Authentication or designee

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