SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Salmonella enterica subsp. *enterica*, Strain 14028s *spvR*::kan^r (Serovar Typhimurium)

Catalog No. NR-12155

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

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Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

<u>Bacteria Classification</u>: Enterobacteriaceae, Salmonella <u>Species</u>: Salmonella enterica <u>Subspecies</u>: Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica^{1,2} <u>Serogroup</u>: B <u>Serovar</u>: Typhimurium <u>Strain</u>: 14028s *spvR*::kan^{r3} Original Source: Salmonella enterica (S. enterica) subsp.

- <u>Original Source</u>: Samonella enterica (S. enterica) subsp. enterica, strain 14028s *spvR*::kan^r (serovar Typhimurium) was derived from strain 14028s (strain 14028s was originally known as strain 14028, however, a variant of the original strain with a rough colony morphology was designated 14028r and the original smooth strain was renamed 14028s). Strain 14028 is a descendent of strain CDC 6516-60 which was isolated from pooled hearts and livers of 4-week-old chickens.⁴
- <u>Comments</u>: The *spvR*::kan^r mutant of strain 14028s was produced by creating a PCR product with *spvR* homologous sequences at the 5' and 3' ends of a linear fragment containing a kanamycin resistance cassette. *S. enterica* subsp. *enterica*, strain 14028s was transformed, and insertion of the *kan* cassette in place of *spvR* was confirmed by PCR.⁵ The complete genome (GenBank: <u>CP001363.1</u>) and plasmid (GenBank: <u>CP001362.1</u>) sequences are available. Additional information regarding NR-12155 is available at the <u>Resource Center for</u> <u>Biodefense Proteomics Research (BPRC)</u>.

S. enterica are Gram-negative, rod-shaped, flagellated bacteria. The species is divided into six subspecies (I, II, IIIa, IIIb, IV, VI) where only subspecies I, subsp. *enterica*, is considered of clinical relevance. Salmonellosis (non-typhoidal), due to the greater than 1500 serovars of *S. enterica* subsp. *enterica*, is one of the most common food-borne diseases with an estimated two million cases that occur in the United States every year.⁶ Pathogenicity results from a variety of virulence factors found in plasmids, prophages, and five pathogenicity islands which allow these organisms to colonize and infect host organisms.⁷

S. enterica subsp. *enterica* serovar Typhimurium (formerly *Salmonella typhimurium*) is a major cause of gastroenteritis.

These bacteria are host generalists that occur in humans and many other mammals. Septic shock resulting in part from lipopolysaccharide (LPS) is a primary complication associated with serovar Typhimurium infection.⁸ Due to its similarity to the clinical and pathological effects in humans, calves are currently used as an animal model for human enterocolitis caused by this serotype.⁹ Additionally, this serovar causes typhoid-like disease in mice and is used as a mouse model of human typhoid fever.⁴

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in 0.5X Tryptic Soy broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-12155 was packaged aseptically, in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Tryptic Soy broth or Nutrient broth or equivalent

Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or Nutrient agar or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
- 2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- 3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 24 hours.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Salmonella enterica* subsp. *enterica*, Strain 14028s *spvR*::kan^r (Serovar Typhimurium), NR-12155."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. <u>Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories</u>. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

Disclaimers:

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