

**Kilbourne F3: A/duck/Singapore/645/97 (H5N3) Mutant, High (Hy) Yield**

**Catalog No. NR-3599**

**Product Description:** Pooled allantoic fluid from specific pathogen free (SPF) embryonated chicken eggs<sup>1</sup> infected with a high yield mutant of influenza A virus, A/duck/Singapore/645/97 (H5N3)

**Lot<sup>2,3</sup>: 58253970**

**Manufacturing Date: 01AUG2008**

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
<b>Identification by Infectivity Using Embryonated Chicken Eggs<sup>1</sup></b> Hemagglutination activity using allantoic fluid from infected eggs and 0.5% chicken red blood cells	Positive	Positive
<b>Sequencing of Species-Specific Region (~ 860 nucleotides)</b>	Influenza A virus	Influenza A virus
<b>Titer by CEID<sub>50</sub> Assay<sup>4,5</sup> in Embryonated Chicken Eggs<sup>1</sup></b>	Report results	1.6 × 10 <sup>9</sup> CEID <sub>50</sub> /mL
<b>RT-PCR Assay of Extracted RNA<sup>6</sup></b>	~ 1030 bp amplicon	~ 1030 bp amplicon
<b>Sterility (21-day incubation)</b> Harpo's HTYE broth <sup>7</sup> , 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Trypticase soy broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Sabouraud broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Sheep blood agar, 37°C, aerobic Sheep blood agar, 37°C, anaerobic Thioglycollate broth, 37°C, anaerobic DMEM with 10% FBS, 37°C and 5% CO <sub>2</sub>	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth
<b>Mycoplasma Contamination</b> Agar and broth culture (14-day incubation at 37°C) DNA detection by PCR of extracted Test Article nucleic acid	None detected None detected	None detected None detected

<sup>1</sup>10-day-old SPF Embryonated Chicken Eggs acquired from B&E Eggs, York Springs, Pennsylvania

<sup>2</sup>Derived from NIAID Catalog No. V-331-0E5271

<sup>3</sup>Grown in the allantoic cavity of embryonated chicken eggs<sup>1</sup> for 2 days at 35°C in a humidified chamber

<sup>4</sup>The Chicken Embryo Infectious Dose 50% (CEID<sub>50</sub>) is the dilution of virus that under the conditions of the assay can be expected to infect 50% of the inoculated embryonated chicken eggs, just as a Lethal Dose 50% (LD<sub>50</sub>) is expected to kill half of the animals exposed. A reciprocal of the dilution required to yield the CEID<sub>50</sub> provides a measure of the infectious titer (or infectivity) of a virus preparation.

<sup>5</sup>2 days at 35°C in a humidified chamber

<sup>6</sup>BM-M1 and BM-M-1027R primers; Obenauer, J. C., et al. "Large-Scale Sequence Analysis of Avian Influenza Isolates." *Science* 311 (2006): 1576-1580. PubMed: 16439620.

<sup>7</sup>Atlas, Ronald M. *Handbook of Microbiological Media*. 3rd ed. Ed. Lawrence C. Parks. Boca Raton: CRC Press, 2004, p. 798.

**Date:** 22 OCT 2013

**Signature:**



**Title:**

Technical Manager, BEI Authentication or designee

ATCC<sup>®</sup>, on behalf of BEI Resources, hereby represents and warrants that the material provided under this certificate has been subjected by the contractor to the tests and procedures specified and that the results described, along with any other data provided in this certificate, are true and accurate to the best of ATCC<sup>®</sup>'s knowledge.

ATCC<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

