

***Mycobacterium leprae* Total Lipids**

Catalog No. NR-19332

This reagent is the tangible property of the U.S. Government.

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

BEI Resources or NIH – Leprosy Research Support Contract

Manufacturer:

Karen Dobos, Ph.D., Colorado State University, Fort Collins, Colorado, USA

Product Description:

NR-19332 is a preparation of the total cellular lipids of *Mycobacterium leprae* (*M. leprae*), including those with known biological activities, including phenolic glycolipid I (PGL-I), II and III and dimycoserate (DIM). The cellular lipids were extracted from a pool of armadillo-derived purified liver and spleen whole cells with 5 mL of chloroform/methanol (2:1) per 200 mg of cells at 55°C for 18 hours. Cells were removed by filtration and contaminating hydrophilic molecules were removed by biphasic partitioning with water (Folch wash). The organic phase of the Folch wash was collected and dried.

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 500 µg of dried total lipids pooled from up to three different strains of *M. leprae*. Please refer to the Certificate of Analysis for information regarding the specific strains used in the production of each lot.

Note: Total lipid is soluble in chloroform:methanol (2:1). Chloroform or DMSO can also be used depending on the downstream application.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-19332 was packaged aseptically in glass vials. The product is provided at room temperature and can be stored at room temperature until reconstituted. Reconstituted material should be aliquoted and stored frozen at -20°C or colder. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read “The following reagent was obtained through the BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Mycobacterium leprae* Total Lipid, NR-19332.”

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

Disclaimers:

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

Use of this product is subject to the terms and conditions of the BEI Resources Material Transfer Agreement (MTA). The MTA is available on our Web site at www.beiresources.org.

While BEI Resources uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this product sheet, neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government makes any warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. Neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government warrants that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

This product is sent with the condition that you are responsible for its safe storage, handling, use and disposal. ATCC® and the U.S. Government are not liable for any damages or injuries arising from receipt and/or use of this product. While reasonable effort is made to ensure authenticity and reliability of materials on deposit, the U.S. Government, ATCC®, their suppliers and contributors to BEI Resources are not liable for damages arising from the misidentification or misrepresentation of products.

Use Restrictions:

This material is distributed for internal research, non-commercial purposes only. This material, its product or its derivatives may not be distributed to third parties. Except as performed under a U.S. Government contract, individuals contemplating commercial use of the material, its products or its derivatives must contact the contributor to determine if a license is required. U.S. Government contractors may need a license before first commercial sale. This material may be subject to third party patent rights.

References:

1. Cole, S. T., et al. “Massive Gene Decay in the Leprosy Bacillus.” Nature 409 (2001): 1007-1011. PubMed: 11234002.
2. Hancock, C. I., et al. eds. Bacterial Cell Surface Techniques. New York: Wiley & Sons, 1988: 125-135.

ATCC® is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.

