

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Product Information Sheet for NR-31035

Bartonella sp., Strain E1-105

Catalog No. NR-31035

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For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

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Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Bacteria Classification: Bartonellaceae, Bartonella

<u>Species</u>: Bartonella sp. (Deposited as new taxon Bartonella breitschwerdtii)

Strain: E1-105

Original Source: Bartonella sp., strain E1-105, was isolated in January 2008 from a blood clot found in a wild straw-colored fruit bat (*Eidolon helvum*) in Moitti Village, Kenya. 1,2 Comments: Strain E1-105 was passaged twice prior to deposition. 1

Bartonella spp. are fastidious, slow-growing, Gram-negative rods that are dependent on blood or hemin for growth. Bartonella exist in two niches - the gut of arthropod vectors and the bloodstream of the mammalian reservoir. They are incapable of living freely in the environment (with the exception of living in excreted feces from the arthropod vectors they reside in).3 Bartonella infection of the mammalian host occurs when the organisms gain entry through feces that is deposited at the site of an infected arthropod bite. The mammal then self-inoculates by scratching the bite. Well known human maladies that result from Bartonella spp. infection are Cat Scratch Disease (B. henselae, cat flea), Trench Fever (B. quintana, human body louse), and Carrión's Disease (B. bacilliformis, sandfly). Host specificity has been observed for Bartonella spp. when both arthropod and mammalian hosts are known.4 virulence factors include a type IV secretion system, a family

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in 0.5X Heart Infusion broth supplemented with 12.5% glycerol.

of hemin binding protein and outer membrane adhesions.

henselae, strain Houston-1, have been completed.4

Genome sequences for B. quintana, strain Toulose, and B.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-31035 was packaged aseptically, in screw-capped plastic

cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Heart Infusion broth or equivalent

Bartonella Chocolate agar or Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated rabbit blood or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic with 5% CO₂

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use; thaw slowly.
- Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 7 or 8 days.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Bartonella* sp., Strain E1-105, NR-31035."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

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