

Influenza A Virus, A/Puerto Rico/8/1934 (H1N1) (clone)

Catalog No. NR-28651

Product Description: Pooled allantoic fluid from specific pathogen free (SPF) embryonated chicken eggs¹ infected with influenza A virus, A/Puerto Rico/8/1934 (H1N1)

Lot²: 62097497

Manufacturing Date: 17OCT2013

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Identification by Infectivity Using Embryonated Chicken Eggs¹ Hemagglutination activity using allantoic fluid from infected eggs and 0.5% chicken red blood cells	Positive	Positive
Sequencing of Hemagglutinin and Matrix Coding Regions Hemagglutinin (449 nucleotides) Matrix (930 nucleotides)	Consistent with A/Puerto Rico/8-1/1934 (H1N1) ³ Consistent with A/Puerto Rico/8-1/1934 (H1N1) ³	100% identity with A/Puerto Rico/8-1/1934 (H1N1) (GenBank: CY045764) ³ 100% identity with A/Puerto Rico/8-1/1934 (H1N1) (GenBank: CY045765) ³
Titer by CEID₅₀ Assay^{4,5} in Embryonated Chicken Eggs¹	Report results	5.0 × 10 ⁹ CEID ₅₀ per mL
Sterility (21-day incubation) Harpo's HTYE broth ⁶ , 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Trypticase soy broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Sabouraud broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Blood agar, 37°C, aerobic Blood agar, 37°C, anaerobic Thioglycollate broth, 37°C, anaerobic DMEM with 10% FBS, 37°C and 5% CO ₂	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth
Mycoplasma Contamination Agar and broth culture (14-day incubation at 37°C) DNA detection by PCR of extracted Test Article nucleic acid	None detected None detected	None detected None detected

¹9- to 10-day-old SPF Embryonated Chicken Eggs acquired from B&E Eggs, York Springs, Pennsylvania

²Grown in the allantoic cavity of embryonated chicken eggs¹ for 2 days at 35°C in a humidified chamber

³NR-28651 was deposited to BEI Resources as A/Puerto Rico/8/1934 (H1N1), but nucleotide sequence obtained from the same source material by the NIAID Influenza Genome Sequencing Consortium was deposited to NCBI as A/Puerto Rico/8-1/1934 (H1N1).

⁴The Chicken Embryo Infectious Dose 50% (CEID₅₀) is the dilution of virus that under the conditions of the assay can be expected to infect 50% of the inoculated embryonated chicken eggs, just as a Lethal Dose 50% (LD₅₀) is expected to kill half of the animals exposed. A reciprocal of the dilution required to yield the CEID₅₀ provides a measure of the infectious titer (or infectivity) of a virus preparation.

⁵2 days at 35°C in a humidified chamber

⁶Atlas, Ronald M. *Handbook of Microbiological Media*. 3rd ed. Ed. Lawrence C. Parks. Boca Raton: CRC Press, 2004, p. 798.

Date: 15 JAN 2014

Signature:



Title:

Technical Manager, BEI Authentication or designee

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