**Staphylococcus aureus, Strain 1045**

Catalog No. NR-46073

For research use only. Not for human use.

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**Manufacturer:** BEI Resources

**Product Description:**

**Bacteria Classification:** Staphylococcaceae, Staphylococcus

**Species:** Staphylococcus aureus

**Strain:** 1045 (also referred to as USA800)

**NARSA Catalog Number:** NR5387

**Original Source:** Staphylococcus aureus (S. aureus), strain 1045 was isolated from a wound in Washington, USA.

**Comments:** S. aureus, strain 1045 is a methicillin-resistant S. aureus (MRSA) strain. S. aureus, strain 1045 was deposited as positive for mec (subtype IV) and seq; pulsed-field type (PFT) USA800; MLST sequence type (ST) 5; eGenomic spa type 29, eGenomic spa repeats TMBMDGGMK; Ridom spa type t008; agr grp II. S. aureus, strain 1045 is a USA800/Pediatric isolate. USA800 isolates have the same MLST profile (ST 5), agr group (II), SCCmec subtype (IV), spa motif (MDMGMK), and Ridom spa types (t002 and related) and are positive for sem and seo toxin genes. USA 800 isolates are resistant to β-lactams and fluoroquinolones with some isolates being resistant to additional antibiotics. While first isolated in pediatric patients, USA800 strains recently have been isolated in adults. Note: Methicillin is no longer clinically used, however, the term methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) continues to be used to describe S. aureus strains resistant to all penicillins.

**Staphylococcus aureus** is a Gram-positive, cluster-forming coccus that normally inhabits human nasal passages, skin and mucus membranes. It is also a human pathogen and causes a variety of pus-forming infections as well as food-poisoning and toxic shock syndrome. In 1961, two years after the introduction of methicillin, a penicillinase-resistant penicillin, S. aureus developed methicillin-resistance due to acquisition of the mecA gene. For the last forty-five years hospital-acquired (HA) MRSA strains have disseminated worldwide. More recently, MRSA strains have been isolated that are not hospital acquired and are referred to as community-associated (CA) MRSA. These CA-MRSA strains differ phenotypically and genotypically from HA-MRSA strains and they are more frequently recovered from skin and soft tissue sources rather than post-operative wounds.

**Material Provided:** Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

**Note:** If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

**Packaging/Storage:**

NR-46073 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

**Growth Conditions:**

**Media:**

Brain Heart Infusion broth or Tryptic Soy broth or equivalent

Brain Heart Infusion agar or Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or equivalent

**Incubation:**

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic

**Propagation:**

1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 18 to 24 hours.

**Citation:**

Acknowledgment for publications should read “The following reagent was provided by the Network on Antimicrobial Resistance in Staphylococcus aureus (NARSA) for distribution by BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Staphylococcus aureus, Strain 1045, NR-46073.”

**Biosafety Level:** 2


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References:
1. NARSA, NRS387.

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