

## Bacteriophage Phi05\_2388UV/Ec1643, Infectious for *Escherichia coli*

**Catalog No. HM-674**

**For research use only. Not for human use.**

### Contributor:

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### Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

### Product Description:

Virus Classification: *Caudovirales, Podoviridae, Unclassified Podoviridae*

Family: *Podoviridae*

Strain/Isolate: phi05\_2388UV/Ec1643

Host: *Escherichia coli*

Original Source: Bacteriophage phi05\_2388UV/Ec1643 was isolated from a blood sample taken from a patient with septicemia.<sup>1</sup>

Comments: Bacteriophage phi05\_2388UV/Ec1643 ([HMP ID 9784](#)) is a reference genome for [The Human Microbiome Project](#) (HMP). HMP is an initiative to identify and characterize human microbial flora. The complete genome of bacteriophage phi05\_2388UV/Ec1643 is currently being sequenced at the [J. Craig Venter Institute](#).

Note: HMP material is taxonomically classified by the depositor. Quality control of these materials is only performed to demonstrate that the material distributed by BEI Resources is identical to the deposited material.

Bacteriophage phi05\_2388UV/Ec1643 is a highly selective virus that is extremely effective at lysing *Escherichia coli*, (*E. coli*), a major facultative inhabitant of the large intestine.<sup>1,2</sup> Bacteriophage phi05\_2388UV/Ec1643 belongs to the unclassified *Podoviridae* family of viruses<sup>1</sup>, which are non-enveloped and display short, noncontractile tails, linear dsDNA and icosahedral capsids.

### Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacteriophage in Luria-Bertani (LB) broth supplemented with 10 mM MgSO<sub>4</sub> and 20% glycerol.

### Packaging/Storage:

HM-674 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -20°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the product should be stored at -80°C or colder or in the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

### Growth Conditions:

Host: *E. coli* (strain Ec1643 recommended)

Growth medium for host:

Nutrient broth or equivalent

Nutrient agar or equivalent

Incubation of host:

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation of host:

Note: Host homogeneity is recommended for your intended use, please colony-purify your bacterial host prior to use.

1. Keep bacterial stock frozen until ready for use, then thaw.

2. Transfer a thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.

3. Incubate the tube at 37°C for 24 hours.

Growth medium for bacteriophage:

LB agar supplemented with 10 mM MgSO<sub>4</sub> or equivalent

LB soft agar overlay (0.5%) supplemented with 10 mM MgSO<sub>4</sub> or equivalent

Incubation of host with bacteriophage:

Temperature: 30°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation of bacteriophage:

1. Prior to opening the vial, an actively growing broth culture (24-hour incubation) of the recommended host strain should be prepared. Keep bacteriophage vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.

2. Pre-warm plates and overlay the surface with 2.5 mL of melted 0.5% agar containing 1 to 2 drops of the host. Allow overlay to harden.

3. Prepare serial dilutions of thawed bacteriophage (if desired) and spot onto the plate. Allow to dry.

4. Incubate the plate at 30°C for 24 hours.

Note: Spotting the phage on plates makes visualizing the lysis easier. If phage is added directly to soft-agar before pouring plates, hazy or tiny plaques may be difficult to see. Resistant host bacteria may also mask plaque formation.

Cytopathic Effect: Lysis of *E. coli*; individual plaques should be countable at higher dilutions.

### Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH as part of the Human Microbiome Project: Bacteriophage Phi05\_2388UV/Ec1643, Infectious for *Escherichia coli*, HM-674."

### Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. [Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories](#). 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see [www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm).

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#### References:

1. Gaidelyte, A., M. Vaara and D. H. Bamford. "Bacteria, Phages and Septicemia." *PLoS One* 2 (2007): e1145. PubMed: 18188406.
2. Brüssow, H. "Phage Therapy: the *Escherichia coli* Experience." *Microbiology* 151 (2005): 2133-2140. PubMed: 16000704.
3. [HMP ID 9784](#) (Bacteriophage phi05\_2388UV/Ec1643)

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