**Product Information Sheet for NR-43225**

**Cryptococcus gattii, Strain Alg250**

Catalog No. NR-43225

For research use only. Not for human use.

**Contributor and Manufacturer:**
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**Product Description:**
Classification: Filobasidiaceae, Cryptococcus
Species: Cryptococcus gattii
Strain: Alg250

Original Source: Cryptococcus gattii (C. gattii), strain Alg250 is the progeny of C. gatti strains AIR265α and AlgFUR1-1. Strain AIR265α is the progeny of a genotypic cross between C. gatti strains R265 and Alg166 and is one strain of a congenic pair (mating type α). Strain AlgFUR1-1 is a spontaneous mutant that is resistant to 5-fluorouracil (mating type α). Comment: C. gattii, strain Alg250 was deposited as mating type α with resistance to 5-fluorouracil. The parental, intermediate progeny, congenic pair and various mutant strains are available through BEI Resources [NR-43208 through NR-43225, Table 1 (below)].

The Cryptococcus species complex is comprised of four distinct lineages, VG1 to VGIV, which are currently classified as two species, C. neoformans and C. gattii. These species are best recognized as the agents of cryptococcosis, an AIDS-defining illness.

C. gatti are characterized serologically as serotypes B and C, and clinical isolates are relatively rare. Although cryptococcosis was historically considered to be a tropical and subtropical illness, in the late 1990’s, cryptococcal disease in healthy people, domestic pets and wildlife caused by C. gatti appeared on Vancouver Island, British Columbia and it subsequently spread to the mainland and into the northwest United States. The origin of this outbreak is unknown, though C. gatti, strain R265 is known to be the causative agent.

**Table 1: C. gatti Strains**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parental Strains</th>
<th>BEI Resources</th>
<th>Progeny</th>
<th>BEI Resources</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R265</td>
<td>NR-43208</td>
<td>Alg40</td>
<td>NR-43210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBS1930</td>
<td>NR-43209</td>
<td>Alg75</td>
<td>NR-43211</td>
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<tr>
<td>R265</td>
<td>NR-43208</td>
<td>Alg81</td>
<td>NR-43212</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alg40</td>
<td>NR-43210</td>
<td>Alg99</td>
<td>NR-43213</td>
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<tr>
<td>R265</td>
<td>NR-43209</td>
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<td>Alg75</td>
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<td>R265</td>
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<td>NR-43210</td>
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Material Provided:
Each vial of NR-43225 contains approximately 1 mL of yeast culture in Yeast Extract Peptone Dextrose broth containing 15% glycerol.

Packaging/Storage:
NR-43225 was packaged aseptically in cryovials and is provided frozen on dry ice. The product should be stored at -80°C or colder.

Growth Conditions:
Media:
Yeast Extract Peptone Dextrose broth or equivalent
Yeast Extract Peptone Dextrose agar, Yeast Mold agar or equivalent

Incubation:
Temperature: 30°C
Atmosphere: Aerobic
Propagation:
1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use; thaw rapidly.
2. Inoculate an agar plate with approximately 50 µL of thawed culture and/or transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth
3. Incubate the plate and/or tube at 30°C for 2 to 4 days.

Citation:
Acknowledgment for publications should read “The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH:...”
Cryptococcus gattii, Strain Alg250, NR-43225.

**Biosafety Level: 2**


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**References:**

1. Idnurm, A., Personal Communication.