

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

# **Product Information Sheet for NR-49273**

# Acanthocheilonema viteae Microfilariae, Harvested from Culture Fluid (Live)

## Catalog No. NR-49273

This reagent is the tangible property of the U.S. Government.

## For research use only. Not for human use.

### **Contributor:**

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#### Manufacturer:

Filariasis Research Reagent Resource Center supported by Contract HHSN272201000030I, NIH-NIAID Animal Models of Infectious Disease Program<sup>1</sup>

## **Product Description:**

<u>Classification</u>: Onchocercidae, *Acanthocheilonema* <u>Species</u>: *Acanthocheilonema viteae* (previously referred to as <u>Dipetalonema viteae</u>)

Original Source: Acanthocheilonema viteae (A. viteae) was obtained from TRS Laboratories in Athens, Georgia, USA.<sup>2</sup>

<u>Comment:</u> A. viteae does not contain the Wolbachia endosymbiont like most filarial nematodes that cause human disease. A. viteae is often used as the negative control for experiments investigating the bacterium.<sup>2</sup>

A. viteae is a filarial nematode that parasitizes rodents in Eastern Europe, Iran and North Africa. Natural hosts of A. viteae include the Libyan gerbil (Meriones libycus) and some species of the Jaculus and Rhombomys rodent genera. A. viteae can also infect experimental hosts including Golden Syrian LVG hamsters (Mesocricetus auratus), Mongolian gerbils (Meriones unguiculatus) and rats (Mastomys natalensis). In nature, third-stage infective larvae (L3) of A. viteae are transmitted to their mammalian host by the soft tick Ornithodoros tartakovskyi. Ornithodoros moubata can be used as an experimental vector for A. viteae in the lab. Once inside the mammalian host, the L3 develop into adult worms and generate microfilariae, which are ingested by the tick during its bloodmeal. The microfilariae develop inside the vector to L3, before migrating to the arthropod mouth parts for transmission to the mammalian host when the arthropod feeds.2-5

## **Material Provided:**

NR-49273 consists of up to 1 million microfilariae harvested from culture fluid containing adult female *A. viteae*. If more material is required for your intended use, please contact BEI Customer Services at <a href="mailto:contact@beiresources.org">contact@beiresources.org</a> to request the additional material.

## Packaging/Storage:

NR-49273 is packaged in 50 mL conical tubes. The product

is provided at room temperature and can be stored at room temperature for up to 3 days. After 3 days the material should be frozen and stored at -20°C or colder. Note: Freezing will kill the microfilariae, please consider your application prior to freezing this material.

## Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was provided by the NIH/NIAID Filariasis Research Reagent Resource Center for distribution by BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Acanthocheilonema viteae* Microfilariae, Harvested from Culture Fluid (Live), NR-49273."

## **Biosafety Level: 1**

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

#### **Disclaimers:**

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its derivatives must contact the contributor to determine if a license is required. U.S. Government contractors may need a license before first commercial sale.

#### References:

- Michalski, M. L., et al. "The NIH-NIAID Filariasis Research Reagent Resource Center." PLoS Negl. Trop. Dis. 5 (2011): e1261. PubMed: 22140585.
- 2. Michalski, M. L., Personal Communication.
- Morris, C. P., et al. "A Comprehensive, Model-Based Review of Vaccine and Repeat Infection Trials for Filariasis." <u>Clin. Microbiol. Rev.</u> 26 (2013): 381-421. PubMed: 23824365.
- 4. Lucius, R. and G. Textor. "Acanthocheilonema viteae: Rational Design of the Life Cycle to Increase Production of Parasite Material Using Less Experimental Animals." Appl. Parasitol. 36 (1995): 22-23. PubMed: 7780447.
- 5. Anderson, R. C. Nematode Parasites of Vertebrates:

  Their Development and Transmission. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. New York, NY: CABI Publishing, 2000.

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