

## Certificate of Analysis for NR-48224

Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus, Strain JE2, Transposon Mutant NE1682 (SAUSA300\_2367)

Catalog No. NR-48224

**Product Description:** Staphylococcus aureus (S. aureus) subsp. aureus, transposon mutant NE1682 was derived from S. aureus subsp. aureus, strain JE2. Mutagenesis occurred through the use of the mariner-based transposon bursa aurealis resulting in an erythromycin-resistant deletion strain of JE2. S. aureus subsp. aureus, transposon mutant NE1682 was created by disruption of hlgB, which encodes for the pore-forming toxin (PFT) gamma-hemolysin B that is capable of lysing both leukocytes and erythrocytes when associated with gamma-hemolysin C (HlgC). Strain JE2 is a plasmid-cured derivative of strain LAC that was isolated in 2002 from a skin and soft tissue infection of an inmate in the Los Angeles County Jail in California, USA.

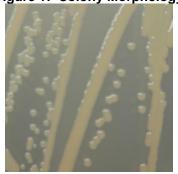
Lot<sup>1</sup>: 63958886 Manufacturing Date: 15JAN2016

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Phenotypic Analysis Cellular morphology Colony morphology <sup>2</sup>	Gram-positive cocci Report results	Gram-positive cocci Circular, convex, entire, smooth and cream (Figure 1)
Motility (wet mount)  Confirmation of Transposon Insertion <sup>3</sup>	Report results  Resistant to erythromycin	Resistant to erythromycin
Commination of Transposon insertion	Resistant to erythlomych	Resistant to erytmornyom
Purity (post-freeze) <sup>4</sup>	Consistent with expected colony morphology	Consistent with expected colony morphology
Viability (post-freeze) <sup>2</sup>	Growth	Growth

NR-48224 was produced by inoculation of the deposited material into Tryptic Soy broth with 5 µg/mL erythromycin and incubated for 1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere. Broth inoculum was added to Tryptic Soy agar with 5 µg/mL erythromycin kolles which were grown 1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere to produce this lot.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Purity of this lot was assessed for 8 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere on Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood.





BEI Resources www.beiresources.org E-mail: contact@beiresources.org

Tel: 800-359-7370 Fax: 703-365-2898

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere on Tryptic Soy agar with 5 μg/mL erythromycin

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Prior to initiating work, it is recommended that the presence and location of the transposon is confirmed. Gene specific primers should be paired with either the "Upstream" primer (5'-CTCGATTCTATTAACAAGGG-3') for transposons in the "plus" orientation or the "Buster" primer (5'-GCTTTTTCTAAATGTTTTTTAAGTAAATCAAGTAC-3') for transposons in the "minus" orientation. For additional information, refer to Fey, P. D., et al. "A Genetic Resource for Rapid and Comprehensive Phenotype Screening of Nonessential *Staphylococcus aureus* Genes." MBio 4 (2013): e00537-12. PubMed: 23404398.



## Certificate of Analysis for NR-48224

**Date:** 29 FEB 2016

Signature: (

**BEI Resources Authentication** 

ATCC®, on behalf of BEI Resources, hereby represents and warrants that the material provided under this certificate has been subjected to the tests and procedures specified and that the results described, along with any other data provided in this certificate, are true and accurate to the best of ATCC®'s knowledge.

ATCC® is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

BEI Resources
www.beiresources.org

E-mail: contact@beiresources.org

Tel: 800-359-7370 Fax: 703-365-2898