SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

*Staphylococcus aureus* subsp. *aureus*, Strain JE2, Transposon Mutant NE858 (SAUSA300\_1604)

### Catalog No. NR-47401

**Product Description:** Staphylococcus aureus (S. aureus) subsp. aureus, transposon mutant NE858 was derived from S. aureus subsp. aureus, strain JE2. Mutagenesis occurred through the use of the mariner-based transposon bursa aurealis resulting in an erythromycin-resistant deletion strain of JE2. S. aureus subsp. aureus, transposon mutant NE858 was created by disruption of *mreD*, which encodes for a rod shape-determining protein that is involved in cell shape determination in rod shaped bacteria but whose function is unknown in S. aureus. Strain JE2 is a plasmid-cured derivative of strain LAC that was isolated in 2002 from a skin and soft tissue infection of an inmate in the Los Angeles County Jail in California, USA.

# Lot<sup>1</sup>: 64073487

## Manufacturing Date: 09MAR2016

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Phenotypic Analysis Cellular morphology Colony morphology <sup>2</sup> Motility (wet mount)	Gram-positive cocci Report results Report results	Gram-positive cocci Circular, convex, entire, smooth and cream (Figure 1) Non-motile
Confirmation of Transposon Insertion <sup>3</sup>	Resistant to erythromycin	Resistant to erythromycin
Purity (post-freeze) <sup>4</sup>	Consistent with expected colony morphology	Consistent with expected colony morphology
Viability (post-freeze) <sup>2</sup>	Growth	Growth

<sup>1</sup>NR-47401 was produced by inoculation of the deposited material into Tryptic Soy broth with 5 µg/mL erythromycin and incubated for 1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere. Broth inoculum was added to Tryptic Soy agar with 5 µg/mL erythromycin kolles which were grown 1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere to produce this lot.

 $^2\mathrm{1}$  day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere on Tryptic Soy agar with 5  $\mu\text{g/mL}$  erythromycin

<sup>3</sup>Prior to initiating work, it is recommended that the presence and location of the transposon is confirmed. Gene specific primers should be paired with either the "Upstream" primer (5'-CTCGATTCTATTAACAAGGG-3') for transposons in the "plus" orientation or the "Buster" primer (5'-GCTTTTTCTAAATGTTTTTTAAGTAAATCAAGTAC-3') for transposons in the "minus" orientation. For additional information, refer to Fey, P. D., et al. "A Genetic Resource for Rapid and Comprehensive Phenotype Screening of Nonessential *Staphylococcus aureus* Genes." <u>MBio</u> 4 (2013): e00537-12. PubMed: 23404398.

<sup>4</sup>Purity of this lot was assessed for 7 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere on Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood.

#### Figure 1: Colony Morphology



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# Certificate of Analysis for NR-47401

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Date: 15 APR 2016

Signature: (

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