

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Product Information Sheet for NR-20784

Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Strain HN2163

Catalog No. NR-20784

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

Edward A. Graviss, Ph.D., M.P.H., Research Scientist, Department of Pathology and Genomic Medicine, The Methodist Hospital Research Institute, Houston, Texas, USA

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Bacteria Classification: Mycobacteriaceae, Mycobacterium

Species: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Strain: HN2163

Original Source: Mycobacterium tuberculosis (M. tuberculosis), strain HN2163 was isolated in 1999 from the pulmonary tissue of a patient with tuberculosis in Texas, USA.1

Comment: M. tuberculosis, strain HN2163 was deposited as a non-drug resistant strain¹ and is part of the *Mycobacterium* tuberculosis PGG1 Project at the Broad Institute. The complete genome of M. tuberculosis, strain HN2163 is currently being sequenced.

M. tuberculosis is an acid-fast, Gram-positive, non-motile, rodshaped aerobic bacterium. It is the causative agent of tuberculosis and is responsible for more morbidity in humans than any other bacterial disease. M. tuberculosis is a slowgrowing pathogen with a thick, lipid-rich cell wall, lending the bacilli an unusual propensity to shut down their metabolism in the face of adverse conditions and enter a latent phase in which they display phenotypic resistance to antibiotic therapy. The primary focus of infection is the lungs, with tuberculosis being spread by infectious aerosols produced by coughing. The spread of multi-drug resistant (MDR) and extensively drug-resistant (XDR) tuberculosis is a major medical and public health concern.2-6

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.7 mL of bacterial culture in Middlebrook 7H9 broth with ADC enrichment supplemented with 10% glycerol.

Note: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-20784 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Middlebrook 7H9 broth with Middlebrook ADC enrichment or equivalent

Middlebrook 7H10 agar with Middlebrook OADC enrichment or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic (with or without 5% CO₂)

- Keep vial frozen until ready for use; then thaw.
- Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of 2. broth.
- 3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- Incubate the tubes and plate at 37°C for 2 to 6 weeks.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Strain HN2163, NR-20784."

Biosafety Level: 3

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

This publication recommends that practices with this agent include the use of respiratory protection and the implementation of specific procedures and use of specialized equipment to prevent and contain aerosols.

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BEI Resources

E-mail: contact@beiresources.org www.beiresources.org

Tel: 800-359-7370 Fax: 703-365-2898



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References:

- 1. Graviss, E. A., Personal Communication.
- Cole, S. T., et al. "Deciphering the Biology of Mycobacterium tuberculosis from the Complete Genome Sequence." Nature 393 (1998): 537-544. PubMed: 9634230.
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- Chan, E. D. and M. D. Iseman. "Multidrug-Resistant and Extensively Drug-Resistant Tuberculosis: A Review." <u>Curr. Opin. Infect. Dis.</u> 21 (2008): 587-595. PubMed: 18978526.
- Balganesh, T. S., P. M. Alzari and S. T. Cole. "Rising Standards for Tuberculosis Drug Development." <u>Trends</u> <u>Pharmacol. Sci.</u> 29 (2008): 576-581. PubMed: 18799223.
- Murphy, D. J. and J. R. Brown. "Novel Drug Target Strategies against *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*." <u>Curr.</u> <u>Opin. Microbiol.</u> 11 (2008): 422-427. PubMed: 18801459.
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