

**Staphylococcus aureus, Strain NY-141**

**Catalog No. NR-46235**

**Product Description:** *Staphylococcus aureus* (*S. aureus*), strain NY-141 was isolated in 2005 from pleural fluid of a 75-year-old male emergency room patient with empyema in New York, USA. *S. aureus*, strain NY-141 is a clinically-associated methicillin-resistant *S. aureus* (MRSA) strain.

**Lot<sup>1</sup>: 2107**

**Manufacturing Date: 03NOV2016**

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
<b>Phenotypic Analysis</b> Cellular morphology Colony morphology <sup>2</sup>  Motility (wet mount) Hemolysis <sup>3</sup> Biochemical characterization Catalase Coagulase <sup>4</sup> VITEK <sup>®</sup> 2 Compact (GP card)	Gram-positive cocci Report results  Report results Report results  Positive Report results ≥ 90% probability of being <i>S. aureus</i>	Gram-positive cocci Circular, convex, entire, smooth and cream (Figure 1) Non-motile β-hemolytic  Positive Positive <i>S. aureus</i> (98% probability) <sup>5</sup>
<b>Antibiotic Susceptibility Profile</b> VITEK <sup>®</sup> (AST-GP71 card) <sup>6</sup> Beta-lactamase <sup>7</sup> Cefoxitin screen Benzylpenicillin Oxacillin Gentamicin Ciprofloxacin Levofloxacin Moxifloxacin Clindamycin (inducible resistance) Erythromycin Quinupristin/dalfopristin Linezolid Daptomycin Vancomycin Minocycline Tetracycline Tigecycline Nitrofurantoin Rifampicin Trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole Etest <sup>®</sup> antibiotic test strips <sup>10</sup> Chloramphenicol <sup>11</sup> Teicoplanin <sup>11</sup>	Report results Report results Report results Resistant Sensitive Report results Resistant Report results Report results Resistant Report results Sensitive Sensitive Sensitive Report results Sensitive Report results Report results Sensitive Sensitive Sensitive Report results Sensitive Sensitive	Positive Positive Resistant (≥ 0.5 µg/mL) Resistant (≥ 4 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 0.5 µg/mL) Resistant (≥ 8 µg/mL) Resistant (≥ 8 µg/mL) Resistant (≥ 8 µg/mL) Positive <sup>8</sup> Resistant (≥ 8 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 0.25 µg/mL) Sensitive (= 2 µg/mL) Sensitive (= 0.25 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 1 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 0.5 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 1 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 0.12 µg/mL) <sup>9</sup> Sensitive (≤ 16 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 0.5 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 10 µg/mL)
<b>Genotypic Analysis</b> Sequencing of 16S ribosomal RNA gene (~ 1440 base pairs)	≥ 99% sequence identity to <i>S. aureus</i> type strain (GenBank: L37597)	100% sequence identity to <i>S. aureus</i> type strain (GenBank: L37597)
<b>Purity (post-freeze)<sup>12</sup></b>	Consistent with expected colony morphology	Consistent with expected colony morphology
<b>Viability (post-freeze)<sup>2</sup></b>	Growth	Growth

- <sup>1</sup>*S. aureus*, strain NY-141 was deposited to BEI Resources as part of the NARSA collection. NR-46235 was produced by inoculation of the deposited material into Tryptic Soy broth and grown 1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere. Broth inoculum was added to Tryptic Soy agar kolles which were grown 1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere to produce this lot.
- <sup>2</sup>1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere on Tryptic Soy agar
- <sup>3</sup>1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere on Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood
- <sup>4</sup>4 hours at 37°C in rabbit serum with 0.15% EDTA (Coagulase Plasma BBL™ 240827)
- <sup>5</sup>Percent probabilities above 90% indicate a close match to the typical biochemical pattern for the given organism, with a percent probability of 99% being a perfect match between the test reaction pattern and the unique biochemical pattern of the given organism or organism group. For additional information, please refer to O'Hara, C.M. and J. M. Miller. "Evaluation of the VITEK® 2 ID-GNB Assay for Identification of Members of the Family Enterobacteriaceae and Other Nonenteric Gram-Negative Bacilli and Comparison with the VITEK® GNI+ Card." *J. Clin. Microbiol.* 41 (2003): 2096-2101. PubMed: 12734254.
- <sup>6</sup>Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC); MIC Interpretation Guideline: CLSI M100-S22 (2012)
- <sup>7</sup>The production of beta-lactamase was detected using a Cefinase™ Paper Disc (BBL™ 231650).
- <sup>8</sup>The VITEK® AST-GP71 card tests for both clindamycin resistance and inducible clindamycin resistance (ICR). A positive ICR test is indicative of inducible MLS<sub>B</sub> resistance, which confers resistance to macrolides, lincosamides, and type B streptogramin and the isolate should be considered resistant to clindamycin. *S. aureus*, strain NY-141 was found to be sensitive to clindamycin but had a positive ICR test and therefore is considered resistant to clindamycin.
- <sup>9</sup>MIC Interpretation Guideline: EUCAST Version 4.0 (2014)
- <sup>10</sup>1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere on Mueller Hinton agar
- <sup>11</sup>For both chloramphenicol (bioMérieux Etest® 412308) and teicoplanin (bioMérieux Etest® 412459), a MIC ≤ 8 µg/mL is sensitive, a MIC = 16 µg/mL is intermediate and a MIC ≥ 32 µg/mL is resistant.
- <sup>12</sup>Purity of this lot was assessed for 9 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere with 5% CO<sub>2</sub> on Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood.

Figure 1: Colony Morphology



Date: 01 FEB 2017

Signature:

BEI Resources Authentication

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