

***Staphylococcus aureus*, Strain HT 20020455**

**Catalog No. NR-46059**

**For research use only. Not for human use.**

**Contributor:**

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**Manufacturer:**

BEI Resources

**Product Description:**

Bacteria Classification: *Staphylococcaceae*, *Staphylococcus*

Species: *Staphylococcus aureus*

Strain: HT 20020455

NARSA Catalog Number: NRS266

Original Source: *Staphylococcus aureus* (*S. aureus*), strain HT 20020455 was isolated in 2002 from a 5-month-old female with generalized exfoliative syndrome in France.<sup>1</sup>

Comments: *S. aureus*, strain HT 20020455 is a methicillin-sensitive *S. aureus* (MSSA) strain. *S. aureus*, strain HT 20020455 was deposited as negative for *mec*; positive for *seb*, *egc*, *eta*, *etb*, *lukE-lukD*, *edinA-C* and *hlgv*; MLST sequence type (ST) 121; eGenomic *spa* type 683, eGenomic *spa* repeats I2Z2EGJH2M; Ridom *spa* type t2155; *agr* group IV.<sup>1</sup> Note: Methicillin is no longer clinically used, however, the term methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) continues to be used to describe *S. aureus* strains resistant to all penicillins.

*S. aureus* is a Gram-positive, cluster-forming coccus that normally inhabits human nasal passages, skin and mucus membranes. It is also a human pathogen and causes a variety of pus-forming infections as well as food-poisoning and toxic shock syndrome. In 1961, two years after the introduction of methicillin, a penicillinase-resistant penicillin, *S. aureus* developed methicillin-resistance due to acquisition of the *mecA* gene. For the last forty-five years hospital-acquired (HA) MRSA strains have disseminated worldwide. More recently, MRSA strains have been isolated that are not hospital acquired and are referred to as community-associated (CA) MRSA. These CA-MRSA strains differ phenotypically and genotypically from HA-MRSA strains and they are more frequently recovered from skin and soft tissue sources rather than post-operative wounds.<sup>2,3</sup>

**Material Provided:**

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

Note: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

**Packaging/Storage:**

NR-46059 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

**Growth Conditions:**

Media:

Brain Heart Infusion broth or Tryptic Soy broth or equivalent Brain Heart Infusion agar or Tryptic Soy agar or Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 1 day.

**Citation:**

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was provided by the Network on Antimicrobial Resistance in *Staphylococcus aureus* (NARSA) for distribution by BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Staphylococcus aureus*, Strain HT 20020455, NR-46059."

**Biosafety Level: 2**

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see [www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbI5/index.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbI5/index.htm).

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**References:**

1. NARSA, NRS266
2. Deurenberg, R. H. and E. E. Stobberingh. "The Evolution of *Staphylococcus aureus*." *Infect. Genet. Evol.* 8 (2008): 747-763. PubMed: 18718557.
3. Davis, S. L., et al. "Epidemiology and Outcomes of Community-Associated Methicillin-Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* Infection." *J. Clin. Microbiol.* 45 (2007): 1705-1711. PubMed: 17392441.

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