

***Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, Strain 98-2462**

Catalog No. NR-30858

This reagent is the tangible property of the U.S. Government.

Product Description: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* (*M. tuberculosis*), strain 98-2462 was isolated between 1995 and 2000 from human sputum from an HIV-negative patient infected with pulmonary tuberculosis in North America.

Lot¹: 70002568

Manufacturing Date: 16MAY2017

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Phenotypic Analysis² Cellular morphology Colony morphology ³ Growth rate Growth at 26°C Growth at 37°C Acid-fast stain Pigmentation in the dark (Scotochromogen) Photoinduction for 1 hour (Photochromogen) Nonchromogen (no pigment) Biochemical tests Niacin production ⁴ Nitrate reduction Pyrazinamidase	Gram-positive rods Report results ≥ 7 days Negative Positive Positive (red colonies) Negative (no pigment) Negative (no pigment) Positive (no pigment) Positive Positive Positive	Gram-positive rods Irregular, raised, undulate, rough and cream (Figure 1) 37 days Negative Positive Positive (red colonies) Negative (no pigment) Negative (no pigment) Positive (no pigment) Positive Positive Positive
Antibiotic Susceptibility Profile Sensititre™ System ^{5,6} Amikacin Cycloserine Ethambutol Ethionamide Isoniazid Kanamycin Moxifloxacin Ofloxacin Para-aminosalicylic acid Rifabutin Rifampin Streptomycin	Report results Report results Report results Report results Report results Report results Report results Report results Report results Report results Report results Report results	0.25 µg/mL 8 µg/mL ≤ 0.5 µg/mL ⁷ ≤ 0.3 µg/mL ⁷ ≤ 0.03 µg/mL 1.2 µg/mL 0.25 µg/mL 1 µg/mL ⁸ ≤ 0.5 µg/mL ⁷ ≤ 0.12 /mL ⁷ ≤ 0.12 µg/mL ≤ 0.25 µg/mL ⁷
Genotypic Analysis Sequencing of Heat Shock Protein 65 gene (~ 370 base pairs)	≥ 99% sequence identity to <i>M. tuberculosis</i> type strain (GenBank: AL123456)	100% sequence identity to <i>M. tuberculosis</i> type strain (GenBank: AL123456) ⁹
Purity (post-freeze) Middlebrook 7H10 agar with OADC enrichment ¹⁰ Tryptic Soy agar ¹⁰	Growth consistent with expected colony morphology Report results	Growth consistent with expected colony morphology Growth consistent with expected colony morphology ¹¹
Viability (post-freeze)³	Growth	Growth

¹NR-30858 was produced by inoculation of the deposited material into Middlebrook 7H9 broth with ADC enrichment. Broth inoculum was added to Middlebrook 7H10 agar with OADC enrichment kolles, which were grown for 55 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere with 5% CO₂ to produce this lot.

- ²Information on Mycobacterium testing is available from Ribón, W. "Biochemical Isolation and Identification of Mycobacteria." Biochemical Testing. (2012) Jose C. Jimenez-Lopez (Ed.), InTech, <http://www.intechopen.com/books/biochemical-testing/biochemical-isolation-and-identification-of-mycobacteria> and Lévy-Frébault, V. V. and F. Portaels. "Proposed Minimal Standards for the Genus *Mycobacterium* and for Description of New Slowly Growing *Mycobacterium* Species." Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol. 42 (1992): 315-323. PubMed: 1581193.
- ³37 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere with 5% CO₂ on Middlebrook 7H10 agar with OADC enrichment
- ⁴All mycobacteria produce niacin but only *M. tuberculosis* accumulates it, resulting in a positive test for *M. tuberculosis*.
- ⁵Sensititre™ System *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* MIC Plate, Thermo Scientific™, catalog number MYCOTB
- ⁶Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC); No Clinical & Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI) interpretations of the Sensititre™ System data for *M. tuberculosis* are currently available.
- ⁷For streptomycin, ethionamide, para-aminosalicylic acid, rifabutin and ethambutol, the endpoint is determined by the well with approximately 80% inhibition of growth compared to the positive control well with no drug.
- ⁸Two MICs were observed for ofloxacin (0.5 µg/mL and 1 µg/mL) under identical test conditions. The highest MIC is being reported as the test result. Variability in the MIC result by the Sensititre™ method has been demonstrated (Lee, J., et al. "Sensititre MYCOTB MIC Plate for Testing *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* Susceptibility to First- and Second-Line Drugs." Antimicrob. Agents Chemother. 58 (2014): 11-18. PubMed: 24100497.), with the results for a single antibiotic typically within one doubling dilution.
- ⁹Also consistent with *M. africanum*, *M. bovis*, *M. canettii*, *M. caprae* and *M. microti*
- ¹⁰Purity of this lot was assessed for 37 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere with 5% CO₂.
- ¹¹A small number of tiny colonies were observed on the primary inoculation zone as a result of residual growth medium present in the inoculate.

Figure 1: Colony Morphology



/Heather Couch/

Heather Couch

24 JUL 2018

Program Manager or designee, ATCC Federal Solutions

ATCC®, on behalf of BEI Resources, hereby represents and warrants that the material provided under this certificate has been subjected to the tests and procedures specified and that the results described, along with any other data provided in this certificate, are true and accurate to the best of ATCC®'s knowledge.

ATCC® is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

