

Product Information Sheet for NR-2526

Genomic DNA from *Brucella suis*, Strain 1330 (NCTC 10316)

Catalog No. NR-2526

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

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Product Description:

Genomic DNA was isolated from a preparation of *Brucella suis (B. suis)*, strain 1330 (NCTC 10316).

B. suis is a non-motile, aerobic, gram-negative coccobacillus which displays moderate to high virulence in humans. Very little is known about the genetics of *Brucella* virulence, largely due to a lack of classical virulence factors. A type IV secretion system has been identified as essential for intracellular survival and multiplication of *Brucella*.¹

B. suis 1330 was isolated from swine in 1950 by Wesley W. Spink, M.D., University of Minnesota Medical School, Minneapolis, Minnesota. The complete genomic sequence of *Brucella suis*, strain 1330 has been determined (GenBank: NC_004310 and NC_004311).²

NR-2526 has been qualified for PCR applications by amplification of ~ 1430 bp of the 16S ribosomal RNA gene.

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 2 μg bacterial genomic DNA, lyophilized from 0.07 mL containing TE buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH ~ 8.0). The vial should be centrifuged prior to opening.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-2526 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at 4°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For optimal long-term storage, freezing the material at -20°C or colder is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be minimized.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through the NIH Biodefense and Emerging Infections Research Resources Repository, NIAID, NIH: Genomic DNA from *Brucella suis*, Strain 1330 (NCTC 10316), NR-2526."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in

Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 4th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1999. HHS Publication No. (CDC) 93-8395. This text is available online at www.cdc.gov/od/ohs/biosfty/bmbl4/bmbl4toc.htm.

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- Paulsen, I. T., et al. "The Brucella suis Genome Reveals Fundamental Similarities between Animal and Plant Pathogens and Symbionts." <u>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.</u> 99 (2002): 13148–13153. PubMed: 12271122. GenBank: NC 004310 and NC 004311.
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Biodefense and Emerging Infections Research Resources Repository

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- Ferrão-Beck, L., et al. "Development of a Multiplex PCR Assay for Polymorphism Analysis of *Brucella suis* Biovars Causing Brucellosis in Swine." <u>Vet. Microbiol.</u> 115 (2006): 269–277. PubMed: 16530357.
- Halling, S. M., et al. "Completion of the Genome Sequence of *Brucella abortus* and Comparison to the Highly Similar Genomes of *Brucella melitensis* and *Brucella suis*." <u>J. Bacteriol.</u> 187 (2005): 2715–2726. PubMed: 15805518.
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