

**Bacteriophage Phi05_1554UV/Sa1554,
Infectious for *Staphylococcus aureus***

Catalog No. HM-680

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

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Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Virus Classification: *Caudovirales*, *Siphoviridae*, *Unclassified Siphoviridae*

Family: *Siphoviridae*

Strain/Isolate: phi05_1554UV/Sa1554

Host: *Staphylococcus aureus*

Original Source: Bacteriophage phi05_1554UV/Sa1554 was derived from a blood sample taken from a patient with septicemia. *Staphylococcus aureus* (*S. aureus*), strain Sa1554 was isolated from the patient's bloodstream and bacteriophage phi05_1554UV/Sa1554 was auto-induced following ultraviolet radiation treatment.¹⁻³

Comments: Bacteriophage phi05_1554UV/Sa1554 ([HMP ID 9791](#)) is a reference genome for [The Human Microbiome Project](#) (HMP). HMP is an initiative to identify and characterize human microbial flora. The complete genome of bacteriophage phi05_1554UV/Sa1554 is currently being sequenced at the [J. Craig Venter Institute](#).

Note: HMP material is taxonomically classified by the depositor. Quality control of these materials is only performed to demonstrate that the material distributed by BEI Resources is identical to the deposited material.

Bacteriophage phi05_1554UV/Sa1554 is a highly selective virus that is extremely effective at lysing *S. aureus*, a major causative agent for opportunistic and/or nosocomial infections, pyrogenic inflammatory diseases, food-poisoning and toxic shock syndrome.⁴ Bacteriophage phi05_1554UV/Sa1554 belongs to the unclassified *Siphoviridae* family of viruses, which are non-enveloped and display long, noncontractile, filamentous tails, linear dsDNA, and hexagonal capsids.

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacteriophage in Luria-Bertani (LB) broth supplemented with 10 mM MgSO₄ and 10% glycerol.

Packaging/Storage:

HM-680 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -20°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the product should be stored at -80°C or colder or in the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Host: *S. aureus* (strain Sa1554 recommended)

Growth medium for host:

Brain Heart Infusion broth or equivalent

Brain Heart Infusion agar or equivalent

Incubation of host:

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation of host:

Note: Host homogeneity is recommended for your intended use, please colony-purify your bacterial host prior to use.

1. Keep bacterial stock frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
2. Transfer a thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
3. Incubate the tube at 37°C for 1 day.

Growth medium for bacteriophage:

LB agar supplemented with 10 mM MgSO₄ or equivalent

LB soft agar overlay (0.5%) supplemented with 10 mM MgSO₄ or equivalent

Incubation of host with bacteriophage:

Temperature: 30°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

1. Prior to opening the vial, an actively growing broth culture (1-day incubation) of the recommended host strain should be prepared. Keep bacteriophage vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
2. Pre-warm plates and overlay the surface with 2.5 mL of melted 0.5% agar containing 1 to 2 drops of the host. Allow overlay to harden.
3. Prepare serial dilutions of thawed bacteriophage (if desired) and spot onto the plate. Allow to dry.
4. Incubate the plate at 30°C for 1 day.

Note: Spotting the phage on plates makes visualizing the lysis easier. If phage is added directly to soft-agar before pouring plates, hazy or tiny plaques may be difficult to see. Resistant host bacteria may also mask plaque formation.

Cytopathic Effect: Lysis of *S. aureus*; individual plaques should be countable at higher dilutions.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH as part of the Human Microbiome Project: Bacteriophage Phi05_1554UV/Sa1554, Infectious for *Staphylococcus aureus*, HM-680."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. [Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories](#). 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmb15/index.htm.

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References:

1. Bamford, D., Personal Communication.
2. [HMP ID 9791](#) (Bacteriophage phi05_1554UV/Sa1554)
3. Gaidelyte, A., M. Vaara and D. H. Bamford. "Bacteria, Phages and Septicemia." *PLoS One* 2 (2007): e1145. PubMed: 18188406.
4. Matsuzaki, S., et al. "Bacteriophage Therapy: A Revitalized Therapy Against Bacterial Infectious Diseases." *J. Infect. Chemother.* 11 (2005): 211-219. PubMed: 16258815.

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