

Product Information Sheet for NR-2533

Genomic DNA from *Burkholderia mallei*, Strain China 5 (MM-A, NBL 4)

Catalog No. NR-2533

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

ATCC®

Product Description:

Genomic DNA was isolated from a preparation of *Burkholderia mallei (B. mallei)*, strain China 5 (MM-A, NBL 4). 1,2

Burkholderia mallei (formerly Pseudomonas mallei)³ is a non-motile, aerobic, gram-negative coccobacillus that produces an extracellular capsule, which is an important virulence determinant.

B. mallei China 5 was isolated from the lung and nose of an infected horse in Kweiyang, China in 1942.

NR-2533 has been qualified for PCR applications by amplification of ~ 1480 bp of the 16S ribosomal RNA gene.

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 2 μg bacterial genomic DNA, lyophilized from 0.03 mL containing TE buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH ~ 8.0). The vial should be centrifuged prior to opening.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-2533 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at 4°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For optimal long-term storage, freezing the material at -20°C or colder is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be minimized.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through the NIH Biodefense and Emerging Infections Research Resources Repository, NIAID, NIH: Genomic DNA from *Burkholderia mallei*, Strain China 5 (MM-A, NBL 4), NR-2533."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 4th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1999. HHS Publication No. (CDC) 93-8395. This text is available online at www.cdc.gov/od/ohs/biosfty/bmbl4/bmbl4toc.htm.

Disclaimers:

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

Use of this product is subject to the terms and conditions of the BEI Resources Material Transfer Agreement (MTA). The MTA is available on our Web site at www.beiresources.org.

While BEI Resources uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this product sheet, neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government make any warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. Neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government warrants that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

This product is sent with the condition that you are responsible for its safe storage, handling, use and disposal. ATCC® and the U.S. Government are not liable for any damages or injuries arising from receipt and/or use of this product. While reasonable effort is made to ensure authenticity and reliability of materials on deposit, the U.S. Government, ATCC®, their suppliers and contributors to BEI Resources are not liable for damages arising from the misidentification or misrepresentation of products.

Use Restrictions:

This material is distributed for internal research, non-commercial purposes only. This material, its product or its derivatives may not be distributed to third parties. Except as performed under a U.S. Government contract, individuals contemplating commercial use of the material, its products or its derivatives must contact the contributor to determine if a license is required. U.S. Government contractors may need a license before first commercial sale.

References:

- Wetmore, P. W. and W. S. Gochenour, Jr. "Comparative Studies of the Genus Malleomyces and Selected Pseudomonas Species. I. Morphological and Cultural Characteristics." J. Bacteriol. 72 (1956): 79–89. PubMed: 13345779.
- Redfearn, M. S., N. J. Palleroni, and R. Y. Stanier. "A Comparative Study of *Pseudomonas pseudomallei* and *Bacillus mallei*." <u>J. Gen. Microbiol.</u> 43 (1966): 293–313. PubMed: 5962362.
- Yabuuchi, E., et al. "Proposal of Burkholderia gen. nov. and Transfer of Seven Species of the Genus Pseudomonas Homology Group II to the New Genus, with the Wild Type Species Burkholderia cepacia (Palleroni and Holmes 1981) comb. nov." Microbiol. Immunol. 36 (1992): 1251–1275. PubMed: 1283774.
- Bauernfeind, A., et al. "Molecular Procedure for Rapid Detection of Burkholderia mallei and Burkholderia pseudomallei." J. Clin. Microbiol. 36 (1998): 2737–2741. PubMed: 9705426.

Biodefense and Emerging Infections Research Resources Repository

P.O. Box 4137 Manassas, VA 20108-4137 USA www.beiresources.org 800-359-7370



Product Information Sheet for NR-2533

- Godoy, D., et al. "Multilocus Sequence Typing and Evolutionary Relationships Among the Causative Agents of Melioidosis and Glanders, *Burkholderia pseudomallei* and *Burkholderia mallei*." J. Clin. Microbiol. 41 (2003): 2068–2079. PubMed: 12734250.
- Gee, J. E., et al. "Use of 16S rRNA Gene Sequencing for Rapid Identification and Differentiation of Burkholderia pseudomallei and B. mallei." J. Clin. Microbiol. 41 (2003): 4647–4654. PubMed: 14532197.
 Ong, C., et al. "Patterns of Large-Scale Genomic
- Ong, C., et al. "Patterns of Large-Scale Genomic Variation in Virulent and Avirulent *Burkholderia* Species." <u>Genome Res.</u> 14 (2004): 2295–2307. PubMed: 15520292.

 $\mathsf{ATCC}^{\scriptsize{(0)}}$ is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.

800-359-7370

Fax: 703-365-2898

NR-2533_PS_1100_30OCT2006

E-mail: contact@beiresources.org