

# **Certificate of Analysis for MRA-157**

### Plasmodium falciparum, Strain W2

### Catalog No. MRA-157

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#### **Product Description:**

*Plasmodium falciparum* (*P. falciparum*), strain W2 was cloned from the Indochina III/CDC isolate originally derived from a Laotian patient who failed chloroquine therapy. *P. falciparum*, strain W2 is reported to be resistant to chloroquine and susceptible to mefloquine.

Lot: 63999676<sup>1</sup> Manufacturing Date: 08FEB2016

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS		
Identification by Giemsa Stain Microscopy <sup>2,3</sup>	Blood-stage parasites present	Blood-stage parasites present		
Antimalarial Susceptibility Profile (in vitro) <sup>2</sup> Half-maximal Inhibitory Concentration (IC50) by SYBR green I <sup>®</sup> drug sensitivity assay <sup>4</sup>				
Chloroquine	Report results	60.0 ± 1.4 nM		
Artemisinin	Report results	4.4 ± 0.1 nM		
Quinine	Report results	84.0 ± 1.9 nM		
Cycloguanil	Report results	1225 ± 56.4 nM		
Pyrimethamine	Report results	22120 ± 1529.2 nM		
Sulfadoxine	Report results	580700 ± 80482 nM		
Genotypic Analysis <sup>2</sup> Sequencing of Merozoite Surface Protein 2 (MSP2) gene (~ 800 base pairs)	Consistent with <i>P. falciparum</i>	Consistent with <i>P. falciparum</i> (Figure 1)		
Functional Activity by PCR Amplification <sup>2</sup> MSP2 PCR amplicon analysis <sup>5</sup>	~ 600 to 900 base pair amplicon	~ 800 base pair amplicon		
Level of Parasitemia Pre-freeze <sup>6,7</sup> Ring-stage parasitemia Total parasitemia Post-freeze <sup>2,8</sup> Ring-stage parasitemia Total parasitemia	Report results ≥ 2%  Report results ≥ 1%	3.07% 6.42% 1.63% 5.28%		
Viability <sup>2,9</sup>	Growth in infected red blood cells	Growth in infected red blood cells		
Sterility (21-day incubation) <sup>2</sup> Harpo's HTYE broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Tryptic Soy broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Sabouraud Dextrose broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic DMEM with 10% FBS, 37°C, aerobic Sheep Blood agar, 37°C, aerobic Sheep Blood agar, 37°C, anaerobic Thioglycollate broth, 37°C, anaerobic	No growth	No growth		
Mycoplasma Contamination <sup>2</sup> DNA Detection by PCR	None detected	None detected		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>MRA-157 was produced by cultivation of BEI Resources MR-MRA-157 lot 58278719 in fresh human erythrocytes suspended in RPMI 1640 medium, adjusted to contain 10% (v/v) heat-inactivated human serum (pooled Type A), 25 mM HEPES, 2 mM L-glutamine, 4 g/L D-glucose, 0.005 μg/mL hypoxanthine and 2.5 μg/mL gentamicin. The culture was incubated at 37°C in sealed flasks outgassed with blood-gas atmosphere (90% N<sub>2</sub>, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>, 5% O<sub>2</sub>) and monitored for parasitemia daily for 9 days. Every 1 to 2 days, uninfected, leukocyte filtered, Type O erythrocytes in complete culture medium were added dropwise to the culture as needed and monitored for hematocrit.

<sup>2</sup>Testing completed on vialed post-freeze material

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#### Figure 1: MRA-157 MSP2 Sequence

GTTACCTTTA	ATATTAAAAA	TGAAAGTAAA	TATAGCAACA	CATTCATAAA	CAATGCTTAT	AATATGAGTA	TAAGGAGAAG
TATGGCAAAT	GAAGGTTCTA	ATACTACTAG	TGTAGGTGCA	AATGCTCCAA	ATGCTGATAC	TATTGCTAGT	GGAAGTCAAA
GTAGTACAAA	TAGTGCAAGT	ACTAGTACTA	CTAATAATGG	AGAATCACAA	ACTACTACTC	CTACCGCTGC	TGATACTATT
GCTAGTGGAA	GTCAAAGGAG	TACAAATAGT	GCAAGTACTA	GTACTACTAA	TAATGGAGAA	TCACAAACTA	CTACTCCTAC
CGCTGCTGAT	ACTATTGCTA	GTGGAAGTCA	AAGGAGTACA	AATAGTGCAA	GTACTAGTAC	TACTAATAAT	GGAGAATCAC
AAACTACTAC	TCCTACCGCT	GCTGATACCC	CTACTGCTAC	AGAAAGTAAT	TCACCTTCAC	CACCCATCAC	TACTACAGAA
AGTTCAAGTT	CTGGCAATGC	ACCAAATAAA	ACAGACGGTA	AAGGAGAAGA	GAGTGAAAAA	CAAAATGAAT	TAAATGAATC
AACTGAAGAA	GGACCCAAAG	CTCCACAAGA	ACCTCAAACG	GCAGAAAATG	AAAATCCTGC	TGCACCAGAG	AATAAAGGTA
CAGGACAACA	TGGACATATG	CATGGTTCTA	GAAATAATCA	TCCACAAAAT	ACTTCTGATA	GTCAAAAAGA	ATGTACCGAT
GGTAACAAAG	AAAACTGTGG	AGCAGCAACA	TCCCTCTTAA	ATAACTCTAG	TAATATTGCT	TCAATAAATA	AATTT

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Blood-stage malaria parasites (rings, trophozoites, schizonts +/- gametocytes) were examined by microscopic Giemsa-stained blood smears of an *in vitro* human blood culture over 6 days.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>A SYBR Green I<sup>®</sup> anti-malarial drug sensitivity assay in 96-well plates was used to determine IC<sub>50</sub> values of an active (> 70% ring stage) parasite culture in the presence of each antimalarial drug [Hartwig, C. L., et al. "XI: I. SYBR Green I<sup>®</sup>-Based Parasite Growth Inhibition Assay for Measurement of Antimalarial Drug Susceptibility in *Plasmodium falciparum*." In Methods in Malaria Research Sixth Edition. (2013) Moll, K., et al. (Ed.), EVIMalaR, pp. 122-129. Available at: https://www.beiresources.org/Publications/MethodsinMalariaResearch.aspx].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Primer sequences and conditions for PCR are available upon request.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Testing completed on bulk material prior to vialing and freezing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Parasitemia was determined after 9 days post infection by microscopic counts of Giemsa-stained blood smears.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Parasitemia was determined after 6 days post infection by microscopic counts of Giemsa-stained blood smears.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Viability was confirmed by examination of infected erythrocytes for parasitemia at 6 days post infection.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Atlas, Ronald M. <u>Handbook of Microbiological Media</u>. 3rd ed. Ed. Lawrence C. Parks. Boca Raton: CRC Press, 2004, p. 798.