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SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

# *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, Strain MRSN 20190

# Catalog No. NR-51596

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# For research use only. Not for human use.

### **Contributor:**

Multidrug-Resistant Organism Repository and Surveillance Network (MRSN), Bacterial Disease Branch, Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, Silver Spring, Maryland, USA

### Manufacturer:

**BEI Resources** 

### **Product Description:**

Bacteria Classification: Pseudomonadaceae, Pseudomonas Species: Pseudomonas aeruginosa

Strain: MRSN 20190

- <u>Original Source</u>: *Pseudomonas aeruginosa (P. aeruginosa)*, strain MRSN 20190 is a human respiratory isolate collected in 2013 as part of a surveillance program in the United States.<sup>1</sup>
- Comments: P. aeruginosa, strain MRSN 20190 was deposited as part of the MRSN Pseudomonas aeruginosa Diversity Panel available from BEI Resources as NR-51829. NR-51596 was deposited as multi-locus sequence type (MLST) ST 3036 and resistant to amikacin, aztreonam, cefepime, ceftazidime, ciprofloxacin, gentamicin, imipenem, levofloxacin, meropenem, piperacillin/tazobactam and tobramycin. Strain MRSN 20190 is reported to have a chromosomal aminoglycoside phosphotransferase gene [aph(3')-IIb; conferring resistance to kanamycin A and B, neomycin B and C, butirosin and seldomycin F5], two betalactamase genes (blaOXA-50 and blaPAO; conferring resistance to beta-lactams), а chloramphenicol acetyltransferase gene (cat B7; conferring resistance to chloramphenicol) and a fosfomycin-inactivating gene (fosA; conferring resistance to fosfomycin).<sup>1</sup> The complete genome of P. aeruginosa, strain MRSN 20190 is available (GenBank: RXUV00000000).
- <u>Note</u>: Environmental and clinical isolates of *P. aeruginosa* frequently contain viruses known as prophages.<sup>2</sup> During growth, some strains from the *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* Diversity Panel displayed plaques resulting from the activation of their inherent prophages. Please refer to the Certificate of Analysis to determine if phage plaques were observed for this strain.

*P. aeruginosa* is a Gram-negative, aerobic, rod-shaped bacterium with unipolar motility that thrives in many diverse environments including soil, water and certain eukaryotic hosts. It is a key emerging opportunistic pathogen in animals, including humans and plants. While it rarely infects healthy individuals, *P. aeruginosa* causes severe acute and chronic nosocomial infections in immunocompromised or catheterized

patients, especially in patients with cystic fibrosis, burns, cancer or HIV.<sup>3-5</sup> Infections of this type are often highly antibiotic resistant, difficult to eradicate and often lead to death. The ability of *P. aeruginosa* to survive on minimal nutritional requirements, tolerate a variety of physical conditions and rapidly develop resistance during the course of therapy has allowed it to persist in both community and hospital settings.<sup>5,6</sup>

## Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

### Packaging/Storage:

NR-51596 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

## **Growth Conditions:**

Media:

- Tryptic Soy broth or Brain Heart Infusion broth or Nutrient broth or equivalent
- Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or Brain Heart Infusion agar or Nutrient agar or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
- 2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- 3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 1 day.

### Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, Strain MRSN 20190, NR-51596. This strain is part of the *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* Diversity Panel provided by the Multidrug-Resistant Organism Repository and Surveillance Network (MRSN) at the Walter Reed Army Institute of Research (WRAIR), Silver Spring, MD, USA."

### Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. <u>Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories</u>. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

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#### **References:**

- 1. McGann, P., Personal Communication.
- Tsao, Y.-F., et al. "Phage Morons Play an Important Role in *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* Phenotypes." <u>J. Bacteriol.</u> 200 (2018): e00189-18. PubMed: 30150232.
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- Dettman, J. R., et al. "Evolutionary Genomics of Epidemic and Nonepidemic Strains of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*." <u>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</u> 110 (2013): 21065-21070. PubMed: 24324153.
- Morita, Y., J. Tomida and Y. Kawamura. "Responses of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* to Antimicrobials." <u>Front.</u> <u>Microbiol.</u> 4 (2014): 422. PubMed: 24409175.
- Lister, P. D., D. J. Wolter and N. D. Hanson. "Antibacterial-Resistant *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*: Clinical Impact and Complex Regulation of Chromosomally Encoded Resistance Mechanisms." <u>Clin.</u> <u>Microbiol. Rev.</u> 22 (2009): 582-610. PubMed: 19822890.

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