

Product Information Sheet for NR-51390

Human Astrovirus Type 3, Oxford

Catalog No. NR-51390

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

Jan Vinjé, Ph.D., Division of Viral Diseases, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, Georgia, USA

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Virus Classification: Astroviridae, Mamastrovirus

Species: Human Astrovirus Type 3

Strain/Isolate: Oxford

<u>Original Source</u>: Human astrovirus type 3 (HAstV3), Oxford was isolated from the stool of a human with acute gastroenteritis in Oxford, United Kingdom.¹

Comments: The complete genome of HAstV3, Oxford has

been sequenced (GenBank: MK059951).2

Astroviruses have a broad host range including humans, as well as domesticated and wild animals.3 Human astroviruses (HAstVs) are positive-sense, single-stranded RNA viruses.3 HAstVs were traditionally regarded as agents of gastroenteritis in children; however, it is now known that the viruses may spread systemically, especially in immunocompromised individuals. The reports of cases of fatal meningitis and encephalitis, especially in immunocompromised individuals, has broadened our understanding of their disease spectrum.4 Eight distinct genotypes (HAstV1 to HAstV8; also referred to as classical or canonical human clades) have been identified, with infections by HAstV1 being the most prevalent.^{4,5} In the late 2000s, two divergent HAstV genotypes, HAstV-MLB (Melbourne) and HAstV-VA/HMO (Virginia/Human-Mink-Ovine-like) were identified in human stool samples.⁵ The association of these non-canonical viruses with clinical disease is not fully understood.

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 1 mL of cell lysate and supernatant from human colon adenocarcinoma cells infected with HAstV3, Oxford.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-51390 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

<u>Host</u>: Human colon adenocarcinoma cells (CaCO-2; ATCC[®] HTB-37[™])

Growth Medium: Eagle's Minimum Essential Medium containing Earle's Balanced Salt Solution, non-essential amino acids, 2 mM L-glutamine, 1 mM sodium pyruvate and 1.5 g/L of sodium bicarbonate (EMEM) supplemented with 1 µg/mL trypsin type IX-S

Infection: Cells should be 80% to 90% confluent.

Pre-activation of virus with 5 μg/mL trypsin type IX-S in EMEM at 37°C for 30 minutes is recommended.

Incubation: 1 to 5 days at 37°C and 5% CO₂

<u>Cytopathic Effect</u>: Cell detachment may or may not be observed; confirmation of infectivity by immunofluorescence is recommended.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Human Astrovirus Type 3, Oxford, NR-51390."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

Disclaimers:

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

Use of this product is subject to the terms and conditions of the BEI Resources Material Transfer Agreement (MTA). The MTA is available on our Web site at www.beiresources.org.

While BEI Resources uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this product sheet, neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government makes any warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. Neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government warrants that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

This product is sent with the condition that you are responsible for its safe storage, handling, use and disposal. ATCC® and the U.S. Government are not liable for any damages or injuries arising from receipt and/or use of this product. While reasonable effort is made to ensure authenticity and reliability of materials on deposit, the U.S. Government, ATCC®, their suppliers and contributors to BEI Resources are not liable for damages arising from the misidentification or misrepresentation of products.

Use Restrictions:

This material is distributed for internal research, non-commercial purposes only. This material, its product or its derivatives may not be distributed to third parties. Except as performed under a U.S. Government contract, individuals

BEI Resources www.beiresources.org E-mail: contact@beiresources.org
Tel: 800-359-7370

Tel: 800-359-7370 Fax: 703-365-2898



Product Information Sheet for NR-51390

contemplating commercial use of the material, its products or its derivatives must contact the contributor to determine if a license is required. U.S. Government contractors may need a license before first commercial sale.

References:

- 1. Vinjé, J., Personal Communication.
- Castro, C. J., et al. "Complete Genome Sequences of Human Astrovirus Prototype Strains (Types 1 to 8)." <u>Microbiol. Resour. Announc.</u> 8 (2019): e01611-18. PubMed: 28117758.
- Johnson, C., et al. "Astrovirus Pathogenesis." <u>Viruses</u> 9 (2017): E22. PubMed: 28117758.
- Vu, D. L., et al. "Epidemiology of Classic and Novel Human Astrovirus: Gastroenteritis and Beyond." <u>Viruses</u> 9 (2017): E23. PubMed: 28218712.
- Bosch, A., R. M. Pinto and S. Guix. "Human Astroviruses." <u>Clin. Microbiol. Rev.</u> 27 (2014): 1048-1074. PubMed: 25278582.

ATCC® is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.



BEI Resources www.beiresources.org E-mail: contact@beiresources.org

Tel: 800-359-7370 Fax: 703-365-2898