

Certificate of Analysis for NR-51999

Enterovirus Species A Type 71, USA/WA/2016-19522

Catalog No. NR-51999

Product Description:

Enterovirus species A type 71 (EV-A71), USA/WA/2016-19522 was isolated in 2016 from the stool sample of a human subject suffering from acute flaccid myelitis in the USA. NR-51999 lot 70032013 was produced by infecting human lung fibroblast cells (HLF-a; ATCC[®] CCL-199[™]) and incubating in Eagle's Minimum Essential Medium (ATCC[®] 30-2003) supplemented with 2% fetal bovine serum (ATCC[®] 30-2020) for 4 days at 37°C with 5% CO₂.

Passage History:

RD(5),HLF(3)/HLF(2) (Prior to deposit at BEI Resources/BEI Resources); RD = Rhabdomyosarcoma cells; HLF = Human lung fibroblast (HLF-a) cells

Lot: 70032013 Manufacturing Date: 27JAN2020

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Identification by Infectivity in HLF-a Cells	Cell rounding and detachment	Cell rounding and detachment
Whole Genome Sequencing (~ 7210 nucleotides)	≥ 98% identity with EV-A71, USA/WA/2016-19522 (GenBank: KY888026.1)	99.9% identity with EV-A71, USA/WA/2016-19522 (GenBank: KY888026.1)
Titer by TCID ₅₀ Assay in HLF-a Cells by Cytopathic Effect ¹ (8 days at 37°C with 5% CO ₂)	Report results	2.8 × 10 ⁶ TCID ₅₀ per mL
Amplification of EV-A71 Sequence by RT-PCR	~ 840 base pair amplicon	~ 840 base pair amplicon
Sterility (21-day incubation)		
Harpo's HTYE broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic ²	No growth	No growth
Trypticase Soy broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic	No growth	No growth
Sabouraud broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic	No growth	No growth
Sheep blood agar, 37°C, aerobic	No growth	No growth
Sheep blood agar, 37°C, anaerobic	No growth	No growth
Thioglycollate broth, 37°C, anaerobic	No growth	No growth
DMEM with 10% FBS, 37°C and 5% CO ₂	No growth	No growth
Mycoplasma Contamination		
Agar and broth culture (14-day incubation at 37°C)	None detected	None detected
DNA detection by PCR of extracted Test Article nucleic acid	None detected	None detected

¹The Tissue Culture Infectious Dose 50% (TCID₅₀) endpoint is the 50% infectious endpoint in cell culture. The TCID₅₀ is the dilution of virus that under the conditions of the assay can be expected to infect 50% of the culture vessels inoculated, just as a Lethal Dose 50% (LD₅₀) is expected to kill half of the animals exposed. A reciprocal of the dilution required to yield the TCID₅₀ provides a measure of the titer (or infectivity) of a virus preparation. ²Atlas, Ronald M. Handbook of Microbiological Media. 3rd ed. Ed. Lawrence C. Parks. Boca Raton: CRC Press, 2004, p. 798.

/Heather Couch/

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Program Manager or designee, ATCC Federal Solutions

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