

Kern Canyon Virus, M-206

Catalog No. NR-17597

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Contributor:

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Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Virus Classification: *Rhabdoviridae*, *Ledantavirus*

Species: Kern Canyon virus (also referred to as Kern Canyon ledantavirus)

Strain/Isolate: M-206

Original Source: Kern Canyon virus (KCV), M-206 was isolated from a mouse-eared bat (*Myotis yumanensis*) in Kern Canyon, California, USA in 1956.^{1,2}

Comments: The complete genome of KCV has been sequenced (GenBank: [KM204992](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/nuccore/KM204992)). In order to remove contaminating mycoplasma, the deposited material was passaged three times with mycoplasma removal agent.

Rhabdoviridae are non-segmented single strand RNA viruses found widely dispersed in plants and animals worldwide.³ Kern Canyon virus belongs to the Kern Canyon serogroup of viruses and is related to many viruses isolated from Asian and African bat species.⁴

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 1 mL of cell lysate and supernatant from *Cercopithecus aethiops* kidney epithelial cells infected with KCV, M-206.

Note: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-17597 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Host: *Cercopithecus aethiops* kidney epithelial cells (Vero E6; ATCC® CRL-1586™)

Growth Medium: Eagle's Minimum Essential Medium containing Earle's Balanced Salt Solution, non-essential amino acids, 2 mM L-glutamine, 1 mM sodium pyruvate and 1.5 g/L of sodium bicarbonate supplemented with 2% fetal bovine serum, or equivalent

Infection: Cells should be 70% to 90% confluent

Incubation: 5 to 8 days at 37°C and 5% CO₂

Cytopathic Effect: Cell rounding and sloughing

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Kern Canyon Virus, M-206, NR-17597."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

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References:

1. Calisher, C. H., Personal Communication.
2. Ghedin, E. et al. "Kolente Virus, a Rhabdovirus Species Isolated from Ticks and Bats in the Republic of Guinea." *J. Gen. Virol.* 94 (2013): 2609-2615. PubMed: 24062532.
3. Walker, P. J., et al. "Evolution of Complexity and Genome Size in the *Rhabdoviridae*." *PLoS Pathog.* 11 (2015): e1004664. PubMed: 25679389.

4. Blasdel, K. R., et al. "*Ledantavirus*: A Proposed New Genus in the *Rhabdoviridae* has a Strong Ecological Association with Bats." *Am. J. Trop. Med.* 92 (2015): 405-410. PubMed: 25487727.

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