

Plasmid pUC19 Containing cDNA from Enterovirus D68, USA/Fermon, Clone EV-D68-R-Fermon

Catalog No. NR-52375

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor:

Jennifer Anstadt, Ph.D., Team Lead, Polio and Picornavirus Laboratory Branch, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, Georgia, USA

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

The enterovirus species D type 68 (EV-D68), USA/Fermon (also referred as to as CA62-1, GenBank: [NC_038308](#)) genome was cloned into the *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*) cloning vector [pUC19](#) to generate plasmid EV-D68-R-Fermon.¹ EV-D68-Fermon contains a T7 bacteriophage promoter immediately upstream of the 5' end of the viral genome. Transfection of cells with RNA transcribed *in vitro* from the linearized plasmid results in production of infectious virus particles.¹ EV-D68-Fermon contains the beta-lactamase gene, *bla*, to provide transformant selection through ampicillin resistance in *E. coli*. The resulting size of the plasmid is approximately 10,050 base pairs.¹ The complete plasmid sequence and map are provided on the BEI Resources webpage. The plasmid was produced in *E. coli* and extracted.

NR-52375 has been qualified for use in bacterial transformations.

EV-D68, USA/Fermon was isolated in 1962 from the oropharynx of a young child with pneumonia and bronchiolitis in California, USA.² EV-D68 is an enterovirus that is a potential human pathogen. Rapidly accumulating clinical, immunological and epidemiological evidence points to EV-D68 as a major causative agent of acute flaccid myelitis (AFM), however, information regarding causation between EV-D68 and AFM is still limited.^{3,4}

Material Provided:

Each vial contains plasmid DNA in TE buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0). The DNA concentration and volume provided are shown on the Certificate of Analysis. The vial should be centrifuged prior to opening. Note: The contents of the vial should be used to replicate the plasmid in *E. coli* prior to expression studies.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-52375 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen on dry ice and should be stored at -20°C or colder immediately upon arrival. Freeze-thaw cycles should be minimized.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Plasmid pUC19 Containing cDNA from Enterovirus D68, USA/Fermon Infectious Clone EV-D68-R-Fermon, NR-52375."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

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References:

1. Anstadt, J., Personal Communication.
2. Oberste, M. S., et al. "Enterovirus 68 is Associated with Respiratory Illness and Shares Biological Features with

- Both the Enteroviruses and the Rhinoviruses." *J. Gen. Virol.* 85 (2004): 2577-2584. PubMed: 15302951.
3. Hixon, A. M., et al. "Understanding Enterovirus D68-Induced Neurologic Disease: A Basic Science Review." *Viruses* 11 (2019): doi: 10.3390/v11090821. PubMed: 31487952.
 4. Sun, J., X. Y. Hu and X. F. Yu. "Current Understanding of Human Enterovirus D68." *Viruses* 11 (2019): doi: 10.3390/v11060490. PubMed: 31146373.

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