

Product Information Sheet for NR-2652

Genomic DNA from Escherichia coli, Strain NCDC 909-51

Catalog No. NR-2652

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

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Product Description:

Genomic DNA was isolated from a preparation of Escherichia Œ. coli). strain NCDC 909-51. O28a,28c:K73(B18):NM. The bacterial preparation was produced by propagation of BEI Resources NR-101.

The enteroinvasive E. coli (EIEC) strain NCDC 909-51 was isolated from the feces of a patient in Katwijk, The Netherlands around 1940.1 EIEC strains invade and multiply within intestinal epithelial cells, resulting in a dysentery-like enteritis in humans, similar to that caused by Shigella species. EIEC pathogenesis requires the expression of genes present both on the chromosome and on a large invasion plasmid, pINV (220,000 bp).^{2,3} The plasmid shares a significant degree of DNA homology with the virulence plasmid described in Shigella species, and is structurally and functionally equivalent.^{2,3}

NR-2652 has been qualified for PCR applications by amplification of ~ 1500 bp of the 16S ribosomal RNA gene.

Material Provided:

Each vial contains 4-6 μg of bacterial genomic DNA in TE buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH ~7.4). concentration is shown on the Certificate of Analysis. The vial should be centrifuged prior to opening.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-2652 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen on dry ice and should be stored at -20°C or colder immediately upon arrival. Freeze-thaw cycles should be minimized.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through the NIH Biodefense and Emerging Infections Research Resources Repository, NIAID, NIH: Genomic DNA from Escherichia coli, Strain NCDC 909-51, NR-2652."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 4th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1999. HHS Publication No. (CDC) 93-8395. This text is available online at www.cdc.gov/od/ohs/biosfty/bmbl4/bmbl4toc.htm.

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References:

- Ned. Tijdschr. Geneeskd. 84 (1940): 4613-4621.
- Hsia, R.-C., P. L. C. Small, and P. M. Bavoil. "Characterization of Virulence Genes of Enteroinvasive Escherichia coli by TnphoA Mutagenesis: Identification of invX, a Gene Required for Entry into HEp-2 Cells." J. Bacteriol. 175 (1993): 4817-4823. PubMed: 8393007.
- Lan, R., et al. "Molecular Evolutionary Relationships of Enteroinvasive Escherichia coli and Shigella spp." Infect. Immun. 72 (2004): 5080-5088. PubMed: 15322001.

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