

NIH AIDS Reagent Program

20301 Century Boulevard Building 6, Suite 200 Germantown, MD 20874 USA

Phone: 240 686 4740 Fax: 301 515 4015 aidsreagent.org

DATA SHEET

Reagent:	HIV-1 HXB2 GST-Tat Expression Vector (GST-Tat 1 (72R) C22G)
Catalog Number:	2362
Lot Number:	180451
Release Category:	В
Provided:	5 μ g of dried purified DNA stabilized in DNAstable Plus
Cloning Site:	The size of the insert is approximately 216 bp.
Cloning Vector:	pGEX2T
	Ampicillin resistant
Description:	An expression vector which produces GST fused with the first exon of transactivation negative HIV-1 HXB2 Tat protein that contains a C22G mutation.
Special Characteristics:	 This construct is 5163 bp including the insert. This plasmid contains a thrombin proteolytic site between the Schistosoma japonicum glutathione S-transferase (GST) sequence and the Tat sequence. Tat is expressed as a GST fusion protein and can be cleaved and purified by thrombin proteolytic digestion. <u>Contributor provided sequence file</u> <u>Sequence file lot 180451</u> Additional HIV-1 and HIV-2 GST-Tat expression vectors are also available. <u>GST-Tat Expression Vectors</u> Plasmids can be propagated in STBL2 cells and grown at 37°C. Larger plasmids may benefit from growth at 30°C. This construct may also be grown in other competent cells. This reagent is currently being provided as dried purified DNA stabilized in DNAstable <i>PLUS</i>. Please see the notice for additional information and the protocol for the pr

ALL RECIPIENTS OF THIS MATERIAL MUST COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE BIOLOGICAL, CHEMICAL, AND/OR RADIOCHEMICAL SAFETY STANDARDS INCLUDING SPECIAL PRACTICES, EQUIPMENT, FACILITIES, AND REGULATIONS. NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS.

	reconstitution of aried DINA reagents. <u>Dried DINA NOTICE</u>
Recommended Storage:	Keep the reagent at room temperature in a dry storage cabinet or in a moisture barrier bag.
Contributor:	Dr. Andrew Rice
References:	Herrmann, C. H. and Rice, A. P. (1993). Specific interaction of the human immunodeficiency virus Tat proteins with a cellular protein kinase. Virology, 197(2), 601-8. doi:10.1006/viro.1993.1634 <u>PUBMED</u>
	Herrmann, C. H. and Rice, A. P. (1995). Lentivirus Tat proteins specifically associate with a cellular protein kinase, TAK, that hyperphosphorylates the carboxyl-terminal domain of the large subunit of RNA polymerase II: candidate for a Tat cofactor. J Virol, 69(3), 1612-20. <u>PUBMED</u>
	Rhim, H., Echetebu, C. O., Herrmann, C. H. and Rice, A. P. (1994). Wild-type and mutant HIV-1 and HIV-2 Tat proteins expressed in Escherichia coli as fusions with glutathione S-transferase. J Acquir Immune Defic Syndr, 7(11), 1116-21. <u>PUBMED</u>
NOTE:	Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through the NIH AIDS Reagent Program, Division of AIDS, NIAID, NIH: HIV-1 HXB2 GST-Tat Expression Vector (GST-Tat 1 (72R) C22G) from Dr. Andrew Rice (cat# 2362)." Also include the references cited above in any publications.
	Scientists at for-profit institutions or who intend commercial use of this reagent must contact the Baylor College of Medicine at the following email addresses: <u>mta@bcm.edu</u> and <u>blg@bcm.edu</u> , before the reagent can be released.
Last Updated:	March 26, 2020

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