biei resources

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Escherichia coli K-12, Strain IM08B

Catalog No. NR-49806

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor:

Ian Monk, Postdoctoral Researcher, Department of Microbiology and Immunology, Peter Doherty Institute for Infection and Immunity, University of Melbourne, Victoria, Australia, Tim Stinear, Professor, Peter Doherty Institute for Infection and Immunity, University of Melbourne, Victoria, Australia and Timothy Foster, Professor, Department of Microbiology, Trinity College Dublin, University of Dublin, Dublin, Ireland

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

<u>Bacteria Classification</u>: *Enterobacteriaceae*, *Escherichia* <u>Species</u>: *Escherichia coli*

Strain: K-12, IM08B

- <u>Original Source</u>: *Escherichia coli (E. coli)* K-12, strain IM08B is an insertion mutant produced in *E. coli* K-12, strain DC10B via recombination-mediated genetic engineering (recombineering), and contains the *hsdM* (methylase) and *hsdS* (specificity) genes from *Staphylococcus aureus* (*S. aureus*), strain NRS384 clonal complex 8 (CC8).^{1,2,3}
- <u>Comments</u>: *E. coli* K-12, strain DC10B is a universal host for constructing plasmids for introduction into staphylococci and was deposited as *∆dcm*.² The lack of methylation allows plasmid DNA to bypass a conserved type IV restriction-modification (RM) barrier in staphylococci which has been identified as a major barrier to transformation with foreign DNA.^{1,3,4} *E. coli* K-12, strain IM08B was deposited as resistant to streptomycin.²

E. coli K-12, strain IM08B is a mutant that allows plasmid DNA to bypass a conserved type IV restriction system (*SauSI*), which was identified as the major barrier to transformation with foreign DNA. Bypassing the *SauSI* restriction barrier allows genetic manipulation of many different staphylococci. Plasmids isolated from strain IM08B transform *S. aureus* at high efficiency and streamline genetic manipulation of major *S. aureus* lineages.³

The *S. aureus* CC specific methylation profiles observed in type 1 RM are comprised of three protein components: a methylase (HsdM), a specificity protein (HsdS) and a restriction protein (HsdR). The complex recognizes a target recognition motif (TRM) determined by HsdS and detects its methylation status via HsdM. DNA that is correctly hemimethylated will be fully methylated which will prevent the restriction of the DNA by the RM protein complex.³ *E. coli* K-12 strains recombineered to contain genes from *S. aureus* CC1, CC8, CC30 and ST93, in a Δdcm background, are available from BEI Resources as NR-49805 through NR-49808, respectively. *E. coli* K-12, strain DC10B (Δdcm) provides a background for plasmid production in the absence of cytosine methylation and is available from BEI Resources as NR-49804.

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy broth containing 25 μ g per mL streptomycin supplemented with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-49806 was packaged aseptically, in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

- Tryptic Soy broth or Nutrient broth or equivalent containing 25 µg per mL streptomycin
- Tryptic Soy agar or Nutrient agar or Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or equivalent containing 25 µg per mL streptomycin

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
- 2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- 3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 1 day.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Escherichia coli* K-12, Strain IM08B, NR-49806."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. <u>Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories</u>. 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

Disclaimers:

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

Use of this product is subject to the terms and conditions of the BEI Resources Material Transfer Agreement (MTA). The MTA is available on our Web site at <u>www.beiresources.org</u>.

E-mail: <u>contact@beiresources.org</u> Tel: 800-359-7370 Fax: 703-365-2898 dei resources

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

While BEI Resources uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this product sheet, neither ATCC[®] nor the U.S. Government makes any warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. Neither ATCC[®] nor the U.S. Government warrants that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

This product is sent with the condition that you are responsible for its safe storage, handling, use and disposal. ATCC[®] and the U.S. Government are not liable for any damages or injuries arising from receipt and/or use of this product. While reasonable effort is made to ensure authenticity and reliability of materials on deposit, the U.S. Government, ATCC[®], their suppliers and contributors to BEI Resources are not liable for damages arising from the misidentification or misrepresentation of products.

Use Restrictions:

This material is distributed for internal research, non-commercial purposes only. This material, its product or its derivatives may not be distributed to third parties. Except as performed under a U.S. Government contract, individuals contemplating commercial use of the material, its products or its derivatives must contact the contributor to determine if a license is required. U.S. Government contractors may need a license before first commercial sale.

References:

- 1. Monk, I., et al. "Transforming the Untransformable: Application of Direct Transformation to Manipulate Genetically *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Staphylococcus epidermidis*." <u>mBio</u> 20 (2012): e00277. PubMed: 22434850.
- 2. Monk, I., Personal Communication.
- Monk, I., et al. "Complete Bypass of Restriction Systems for Major *Staphylococcus aureus* Lineages." <u>mBio</u> 26 (2015): e00308-15. PubMed: 26015493.
- Monk, I. and T. J. Foster. "Genetic Manipulation of Staphylococci-Breaking Through the Barrier." <u>Front. Cell</u> <u>Infect. Microbiol.</u> 12 (2012): e00049. PubMed: 22919640.

ATCC[®] is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.



E-mail: <u>contact@beiresources.org</u> Tel: 800-359-7370 Fax: 703-365-2898