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SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

# Kaistella carnis, Strain G0081

# Catalog No. NR-51496

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# For research use only. Not for use in humans.

#### **Contributor:**

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## Manufacturer:

**BEI Resources** 

## **Product Description:**

<u>Bacteria Classification</u>: *Flavobacteriaceae; Chryseobacterium* <u>Species</u>: *Kaistella carnis* (formerly *Chryseobacterium carnis*)<sup>1</sup> <u>Strain</u>: G0081 (also referred to as CL88/78, B19/1)<sup>1,2</sup>

- <u>Original Source</u>: *Kaistella carnis (K. carnis)*, strain G0081 was isolated in 1973 from beef.<sup>1,2</sup>
- <u>Comments</u>: *K. carnis*, strain G0081 was deposited to BEI Resources as the type strain of the species.<sup>1,2</sup> The complete genome of *K. carnis*, strain G0081 has been sequenced (GenBank: <u>CP034159</u>).

*Kaistella* are Gram-negative, aerobic, non-motile bacilli and a newly created genus following a recent taxonomic reorganization of the *Chryseobacterium* genus into four different genera, with *Epilithonimonas*, *Kaistella* and *Halpernia* gen. nov. While *Kaistella* have been isolated from both environmental and patient samples, the pathogenicity of *Kaistella* has not been determined.<sup>2</sup>

## **Material Provided:**

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

### Packaging/Storage:

NR-51496 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

## **Growth Conditions:**

#### Media:

Nutrient broth or Tryptic Soy broth or equivalent Nutrient agar or Tryptic Soy agar or Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or equivalent

Incubation: Temperature: 35°C Atmosphere: Aerobic Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
- 2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- 3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 1 to 2 days.

### Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Kaistella carnis*, Strain G0081, NR-51496."

### **Biosafety Level: 2**

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. <u>Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories</u>. 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

#### **Disclaimers:**

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## **References:**

- 1. Nicholson, A. C., Personal Communication.
- Nicholson, A. C., et al. "Division of the Genus Chryseobacterium: Observation of Discontinuities in Amino Acid Identity Values, A Possible Consequence of Major Extinction Events, Guides Transfer of Nine Species to the Genus *Epilithonimonas*, Eleven Species to the Genus Kaistella, and Three Species to the Genus Halpernia gen. nov., with Description of Kaistella Daneshvariae sp. nov. and Epilithonimonas Vandammei sp. nov. Derived from Clinical Specimens." Int. J. Syst. Evol. Microbiol. (2020): doi: 10.1099/ijsem.0.003935. PubMed: 32735208.

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