

Influenza B Virus, B/Ohio/01/2005 (Victoria Lineage)

Catalog No. NR-41801

Derived from CDC ID No. 2005743348

Product Description:

Influenza B virus, B/Ohio/01/2005 [Victoria Lineage (BV)] was isolated from a human in Ohio, USA on February 23, 2005. NR-41801 lot 70040735 is derived from CDC ID No. 2005743348 and was produced in the allantoic cavity of specific pathogen free (SPF) embryonated chicken eggs (9- to 11-day-old; Charles River, Norwich, Connecticut, USA) infected with the seed material for 2 days at 33°C in a humidified chamber.

Passage History:

E(4)/E(1)/E(2) (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention/International Reagent Resource/BEI Resources); E = SPF embryonated chicken eggs

Lot: 70040735

Manufacturing Date: 10DEC2020

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Identification by Infectivity Using SPF Embryonated Chicken Eggs Hemagglutination activity using allantoic fluid from infected eggs and 0.5% chicken red blood cells	Positive	Positive
Sequencing of Hemagglutinin Coding Regions (~ 970 nucleotides)	≥ 98% identity with B/Ohio/01/2005 segment 4 hemagglutinin gene (GenBank: EF473448.1)	100% identity with B/Ohio/01/2005 segment 4 hemagglutinin gene (GenBank: EF473448.1)
Titer by CEID₅₀ Assay in SPF Embryonated Chicken Eggs¹ (2 days at 33°C in a humidified chamber)	Report results	5 × 10 ⁸ CEID ₅₀ per mL
Sterility (21-day incubation) Harpo's HTYE broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic ² Trypticase Soy broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Sabouraud broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Sheep blood agar, 37°C, aerobic Sheep blood agar, 37°C, anaerobic Thioglycollate broth, 37°C, anaerobic DMEM with 10% FBS, 37°C, aerobic	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth
Mycoplasma Contamination Agar and broth culture (14-day incubation at 37°C) DNA detection by PCR of extracted Test Article nucleic acid	None detected None detected	None detected None detected

¹The Chicken Embryo Infectious Dose 50% (CEID₅₀) is the dilution of virus that under the conditions of the assay can be expected to infect 50% of the inoculated embryonated chicken eggs, just as a Lethal Dose 50% (LD₅₀) is expected to kill half of the animals exposed. A reciprocal of the dilution required to yield the CEID₅₀ provides a measure of the infectious titer (or infectivity) of a virus preparation.

²Atlas, Ronald M. *Handbook of Microbiological Media*. 3rd ed. Ed. Lawrence C. Parks. Boca Raton: CRC Press, 2004, p. 798.

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